Consultative Expert Working Group on Research and Development (CEWG): financing and coordination

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CEWG

Set up in 2010 by WHA63 in response to concerns that insufficient resources were being devoted to target diseases which disproportionately affect people in developing countries.

Report published in April 2012 for WHA65

Research and Development to Meet Health Needs in Developing Countries: Strengthening Global Financing and Coordination Report of the Consultative Expert Working Group on Research and Development: Financing and Coordination



Research and Development: Financing and Coordination, Timeline

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	1975	Concept of "essential medicines" introduced
	1990	Commission on Health Research for Development
	2001	Commission on Macroeconomics and Health
	2003	Commission on Intellectual Property Rights, Innovation and Public Health (CIPIH)
	2004	Ministerial Summit on Health Research
	2006	Intergovernmental Working Group on Public Health, Innovation and Intellectual Property (IGWG)
	2008	Global Strategy and Plan of Action on Public Health, Innovation and Intellectual Property (GSPA-PHI) establishes Expert Working Group (EWG)
	2010	Bamako Call to Action on Research for Health
	2012	Consultative Expert Working Group on Research and Development (CEWG)
	2012	CEWG report in April 2012 for WHA65
	2012	National and regional consultations to feed into open-ended global meeting (26-28
November 2012)		
	2013	Proposals for options to be presented WHA66, through the 132 nd Executive Board



CEWG Report – main themes

The report focuses on:

- (i) mechanisms for stimulating innovation for health products and technologies related to Type II and Type III diseases and the specific R&D needs of developing countries in relation to Type I diseases
- (ii) altering the **relationship** between public health, innovation and intellectual property rights and their governance.

Report suggests two broad ways forward:

- Free open market competition in production
- De-linking R&D costs on prices of products



CEWG Recommendations 1/4

(1) Limitations of current R&D model and IPR regime

- R&D costs should be de-linked from the price of products;
- Health R&D should be seen as a global public health good with both inputs and benefits;
- There is a need for greater technology transfer to, and capacity development in, developing countries.



CEWG Recommendations 2/4

(2) Financing of future health R&D

- All countries should commit to spending at least 0.01% of GDP on government-funded R&D;
- Between 20-50% be directed into a pooled fund for addressing developing country needs;
- Developed countries should consider committing 0.15%-0.2% of GDP to government-funded health research; developing countries to commit 0.05%-0.1%.

CEWG Recommendations 3/4

(3) Coordination

- A Global Health R&D Observatory under the auspices of WHO should be created to collect and analyse relevant data, to analyse lessons learned and propose options.
- Advisory mechanisms (also to support an Observatory), comprising member states from developed and developing countries, should be set up manage the funding and execution of R&D.



CEWG Recommendations 4/4

(4) Global framework

- A global framework on health R&D, and specifically a legally binding instrument, is needed.
- A convention on Global Health R&D, which would help to secure appropriate funding and coordination for health should be agreed.

Resolution WHA 65.22

REQUESTS regional committees to discuss at their 2012 meetings the report of the CEWG in the context of the implementation of the global strategy and plan of action on public health, innovation and intellectual property in order to contribute to concrete proposals and actions.



Post CEWG report – next steps in the WHO European Region

- As per Resolution WHA 65.22, national consultations are underway in the European Region.
- From 30 July to 24 August 2012, the Regional Office held an online region-wide consultation.
- European Advisory Committee on Health Research (EACHR) delivered a statement to the Regional Director (August 2012)
- Regional Committee 62 discusses CEWG as an agenda item under 'matters arising', with an accompanying technical briefing.

Web-based regional consultation

Feedback requested around 4 questions around the 4 categories of CEWG recommendations:

- 1. For each category are there elements of the report you see as feasible and in what way could they be pursued?
- 2. Do you have any suggestions for strengthening each recommendation or for modified or alternative options?
- 3. Other comments on either the report or issues in general?
- 4. How can the CEWG work be taken forward concretely, both regionally and globally?



EACHR Statement on the CEWG

"The EACHR has reviewed the report of the CEWG. It congratulates the CEWG for producing a thorough analysis of relevant issues, a logical set of criteria for analysis, and a detail critique of the options. The EACHR agrees with the analysis and concludes that the recommendations are justified on the basis of the evidence. The EACHR recognises that national decisions will involve reconciling the often competing interests of different branches of government including, but not limited to health, education, trade, finance, and commercial organisations. The EACHR requests that the Regional Director remind member states to ensure that they promote a participatory approach and include all relevant stakeholders in their ongoing consultations."



Where will the RC go from here?

"How can the CEWG work being taken forward concretely, both regionally and globally?" (Q4 from web-based consultation):

- Establishment of working group to develop specific proposals by mid-October 2012;
- Establishment of drafting group at this RC for proposals and action plan or potential draft resolution at this RC?
- Establishment of mechanism to incorporate feedback from national consultations?
- Other?

