









The European health report 2012

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The European health report 2012

WHO's express mandate to monitor and report on health in Europe

Purposes and four sections of the report

1. Provide epidemiological evidence base underpinning Health 2020 and analyse social, economic and environmental determinants of health

"Where we are"

2. Describe the development of targets and indicators for Health 2020

"What we are aiming for"

Put well-being on the agenda as a marker of social progress in the WHO European Region

"How we are getting there and what we value"

 Identify key challenges for health measurement and outline the collaborative agenda to collect, analyse and report on health Region-wide

"What challenges we face – marking progress"



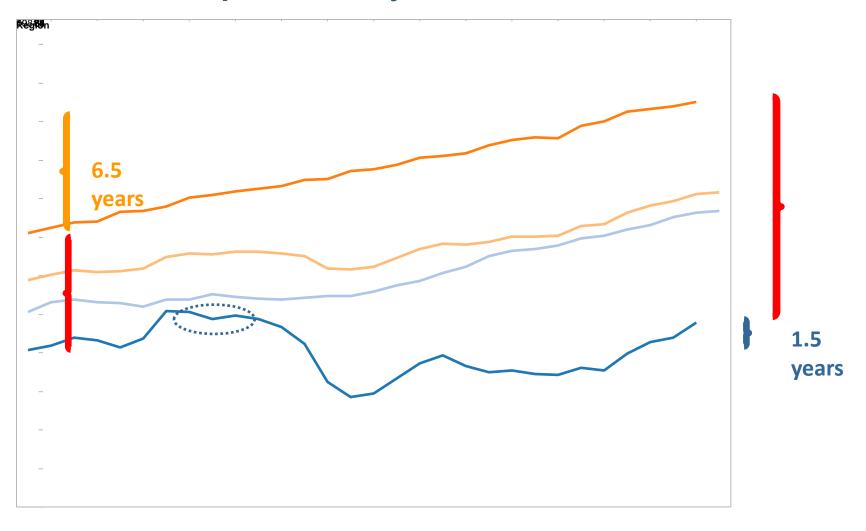
1. Where we are – health status in Europe: the baseline for Health 2020

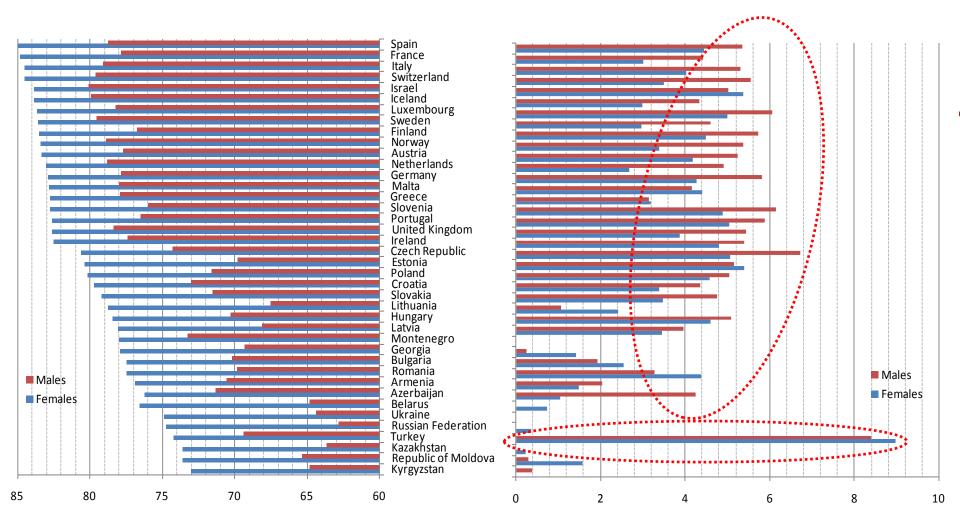
Basic facts

- Population nearly 900 million in 53 countries; ~53% live in the European Union (EU) and 33% in the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)
- 2. Nearly 70% of Europeans live in urban areas
- 3. About 73 million migrants accounting for ~8% of the population
- People in the WHO European Region live longer than ever before average life expectancy (for males and females combined) was 76 years in 2010



Life expectancy at birth, 1980–2010





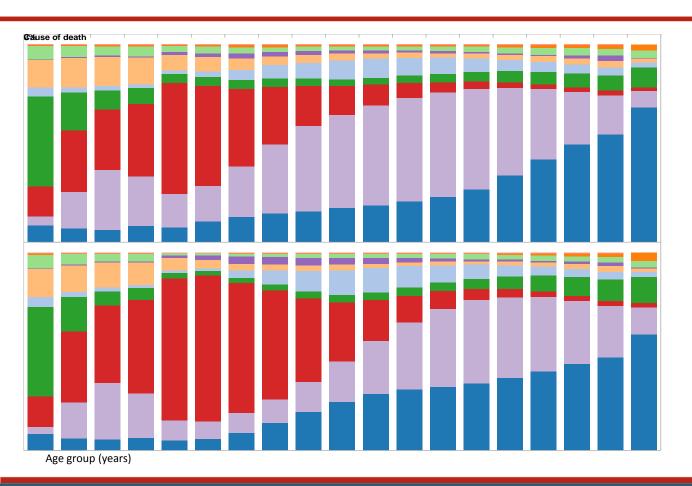


Mortality from all causes of death, 2006–2010 (latest year)

SDR: age- and sex-standardized death rate

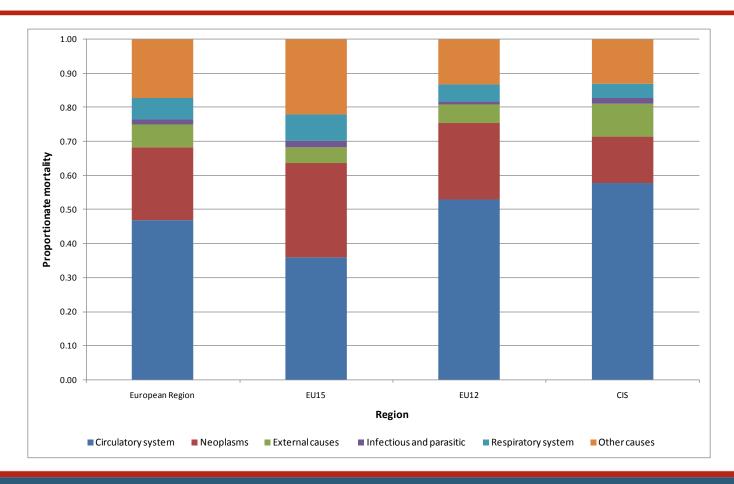


Causes of death, 2006–2010 (latest year)



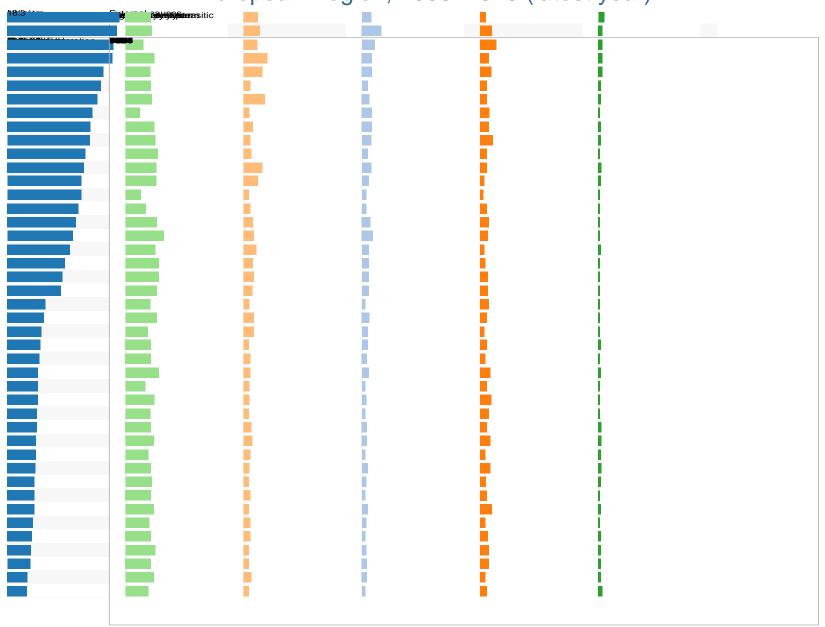


Causes of death by European regions, 2010

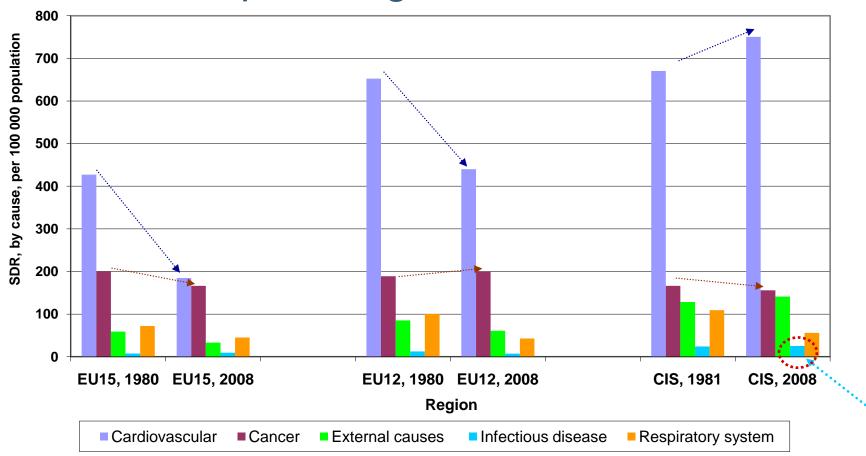




Mortality rates by main broad groups of causes of death in the European Region, 2006–2010 (latest year)

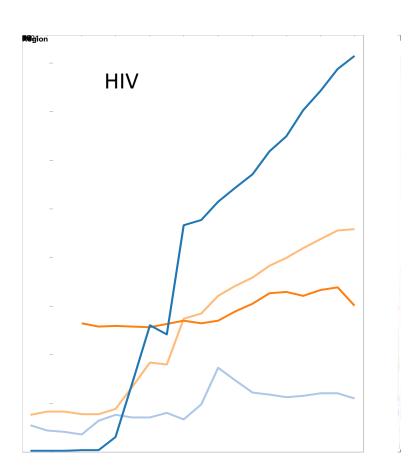


Changing disease patterns by European regions, 1980–2008



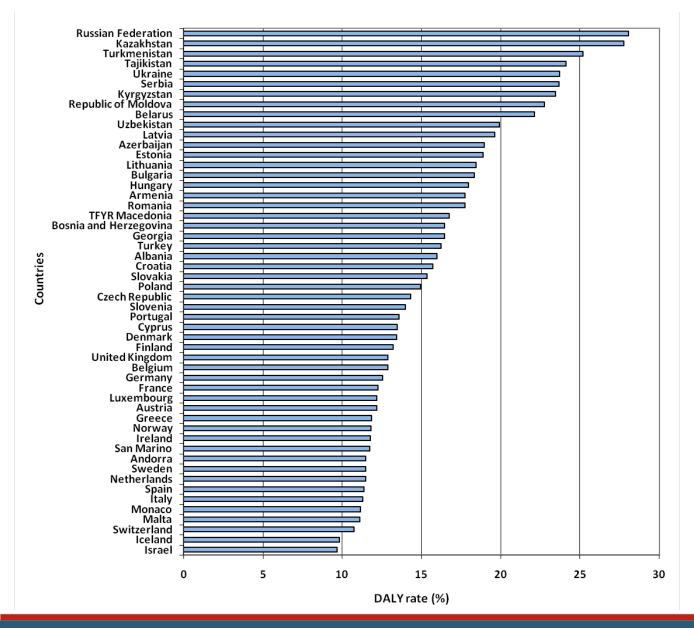


HIV and AIDS incidence by European regions, all ages, 1990–2010



AIDS



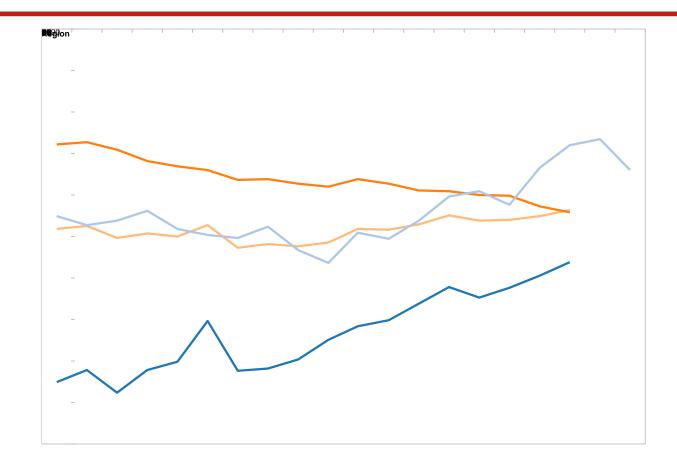


Burden of disease, 2004 (percentage of disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) lost)

TFYR Macedonia: the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

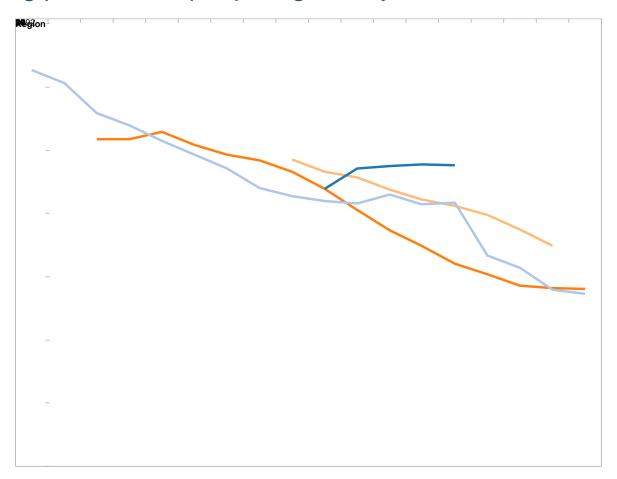


Pure alcohol consumption per capita, people aged 15 years and over

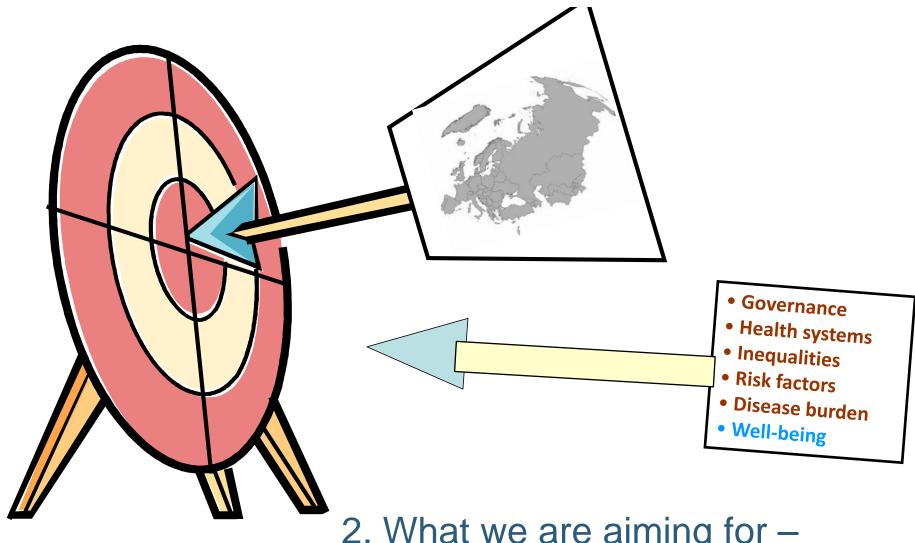




Tobacco smoking prevalence, people aged 15 years and over







2. What we are aiming for – setting targets for Health 2020



Process of target setting

- In May 2011, Standing Committee of the Regional Committee (SCRC) and Member States endorsed process and formed SCRC targets working group, which is leading the process
- 2. WHO/Europe's technical divisions proposed long list of 51 high-level targets for each major area of Health 2020
- 3. SCRC group reduced number to shortlist of 21, based on agreed criteria
- 4. WHO/Europe sent these 21 to Member States for consultation
- 5. SRCR group reviewed comments made and reduced 21 to 16
- 6. High-level forum in April 2012 proposed 6 overarching regional goals/targets
- In May 2012, SCRC proposed submitting 6 targets to sixty-second session of Regional Committee





2. What we are aiming for – setting targets for Health 2020



Health 2020 area	Overarching goals or targets	Content and quantification PLACEHOLDERS ONLY
Burden of disease and risk factors	Reduce premature mortality in Europe by 2020	 1. 1.5% relative annual reduction in overall mortality from cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease until 2020 2. Achieve and sustain elimination of selected vaccine-preventable diseases (poliomyelitis, measles, rubella, prevention of congenital rubella syndrome) 3. 30% reduction in road traffic accidents by 2020
2. Healthy people, well-being and determinants	2. Increase life expectancy in Europe	Continued increase in life expectancy at current rate coupled with (1) 50% or (2) 25% reduction in the difference in life expectancy between European populations by 2020
	Reduce inequities in health in Europe (social determinants target)	Reduction of the gap in health status between population groups experiencing social exclusion and poverty and the rest of the population
	4. Enhance well-being of the European population (to be further elaborated during 2012/2013)	To be developed
3. Processes, governance and health systems	5. Universal coverage and "right to health"	Funding systems for health care that guarantee universal coverage, solidarity and sustainability by 2020

6 targets and about 20 indicators



3. How we are getting there and what we value – The case for measuring well-being

- Develop definition and framework for well-being in the context of health
- Advise on measurement and target setting for well-being
- Form core of an international alliance to measure well-being



4. What challenges we face – marking progress

Discussion of main challenges

- Data availability (and harmonization) at country level to monitor progress with Health 2020
- Interpretation of information
- Translation of evidence into policy

How will WHO support Member States?



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Thank you

Merci bien

Danke

благодарю

