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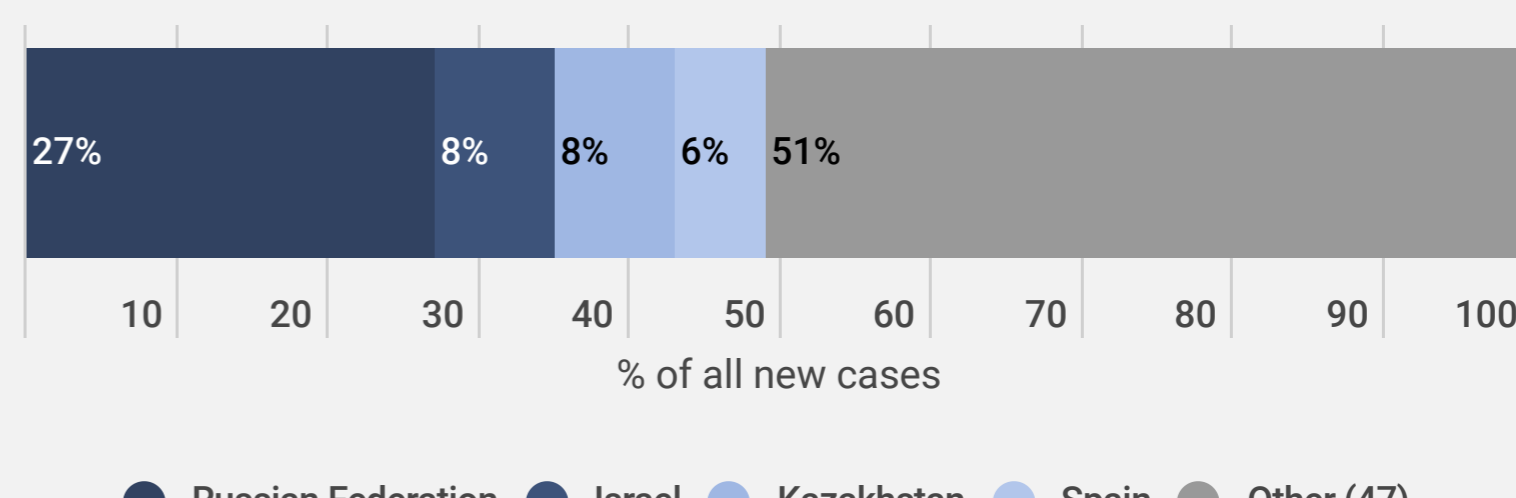
## Key points

### Week 30/2020 (20 - 26 Jul 2020)

- The number of cases reported in the Region has decreased by 4% since week 29/2020; the number of reported deaths has decreased by 11% since week 29/2020
  - 48% (72,820) of the cases reported in week 30/2020 were reported from four countries: the Russian Federation (27%; 40,939), Israel (8%, 12,099), Kazakhstan (8%; 11,381) and Spain (6%; 8,401). The remaining cases (51%; 78,185) were reported by 47 countries and territories; each accounted for <5% of the total cases reported in week 30/2020
  - Six countries had a crude incidence of  $\geq 60$  per 100,000 in week 30/2020: Israel, Luxembourg, Kyrgyzstan, Montenegro, Armenia, Kazakhstan. The crude incidence continues to vary across the region with a range from 0.9 per 100,000 population in Estonia and Latvia to 142 per 100,000 population in Israel
  - The 14-day cumulative incidence increased by  $\geq 10\%$  in week 30/2020 in 29 countries and territories in the Region, however for some countries data was retro-adjusted by national authorities: Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Georgia, Germany, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Kyrgyzstan, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Serbia, Spain, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and Uzbekistan (see [EURO COVID-19 Dashboard](#) for recent trends)
  - 58% (1,876) of the deaths reported in week 30/2020 were reported by the Russian Federation (29%; 927), the United Kingdom (15%; 465), Kyrgyzstan (9%, 274) and Kazakhstan (7%, 210). The remaining deaths (40%; 1336) were reported from 37 countries and territories; each accounted for <5% of the total deaths reported in week 30/2020
  - The proportion of reported cases that died decreased from 2.4% in week 29/2020 to 2.1% in week 30/2020, a change that is likely due to a range of factors
  - Community-transmission was reported by 26 countries and territories, 26 countries and territories reported cluster transmission, while 6 countries and territories reported sporadic transmission in week 30/2020 (see [EURO COVID-19 Dashboard](#))
  - Since the emergence of COVID-19 virus in Europe at the end of January 2020, a wide range of public health and social measures (PHSM) have been implemented. See [EURO COVID-19 Dashboard](#) (NPI Explorer) for an interactive snapshot of the temporal relationship between case and death numbers and the introduction and easing of these measures in some countries in the Region. In response to an increase in cases, some countries have recently started reintroducing measures
- ### Summary overview
- The cumulative cases across the Region increased 4.9% to 3,228,218 cases in week 30/2020 (from 3,077,213 cases in week 29/2020) and cumulative deaths increased by 1.6% to 210,378 deaths (from 207,166 deaths in week 29/2020)
  - As of 11 July 2020, nine countries in the European region had an effective reproductive number significantly over 1: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Czech Republic, France, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Luxembourg, Serbia and Switzerland (see [EpiForecast](#) and the [CMMID COVID working group COVID-19 Global Summary](#) for latest estimates)
  - Seven countries in the Region each reported a cumulative incidence of  $\geq 700$  cases per 100,000 population: Andorra, Armenia, Belarus, Israel, Luxembourg, San Marino and Sweden
  - As of week 30/2020, 70% (2,240,421) of cumulative cases were reported from the Russian Federation (22%; 812,485), United Kingdom (9%; 298,681), Spain (8%; 272,421), Italy (8%; 245,864), Turkey (7%; 225,173), Germany (6%; 205,269) and France (6%; 180,528). The remaining cases (30%; 987,797) were reported by 54 countries and territories; each accounted for <5% of the total cases reported until week 30/2020
  - 27% of all reported infections with information available were in a health care worker
  - 76% of all ICU admissions were in persons aged 50-79 years of age, with 71% of all ICU admissions in men (data as of 20 July 2020)
  - As of week 30/2020, 73% of cumulative deaths (152,733) were reported from the United Kingdom (22%; 45,738), Italy (17%; 35,102), France (14%; 30,192), Spain (14%; 28,432) and the Russian Federation (6%; 13,269). The remaining deaths (27%; 57,645) were reported by 52 countries and territories; each accounted for <5% of the total cases reported until week 30/2020
  - 13% of cases were in persons aged  $\geq 65$  years in week 30/2020, a decrease from 38% in week 14/2020, while the percentage of fatal cases aged  $\geq 65$  years was 58% in week 30/2020 (compared to 91% in week 14/2020) (Figure 3)
  - 95% of all deaths with information available had at least one underlying condition, with cardiovascular disease the leading comorbidity (81%)
  - Following a period of a very substantial excess mortality observed in some countries coinciding with the COVID-19 pandemic, pooled estimates of all-cause mortality for the countries in the EuroMOMO network have now returned to normal levels. A few countries are still seeing some excess mortality.
  - In week 30/2020, five countries reported 87 tests and 1 COVID-19 detection in persons with influenza-like illness in primary care sentinel surveillance. The updated positivity rate in week 29/2020 was 1.9% (5 countries) compared to 2.1% (5 countries) in week 28/2020. The highest positivity in the sentinel surveillance was 14.6%, seen in week 15/2020
  - Overall, there were 80,086 (7.1%) COVID-19 cases among the total of 1,132,652 tests performed in 22 countries for week 30/2020

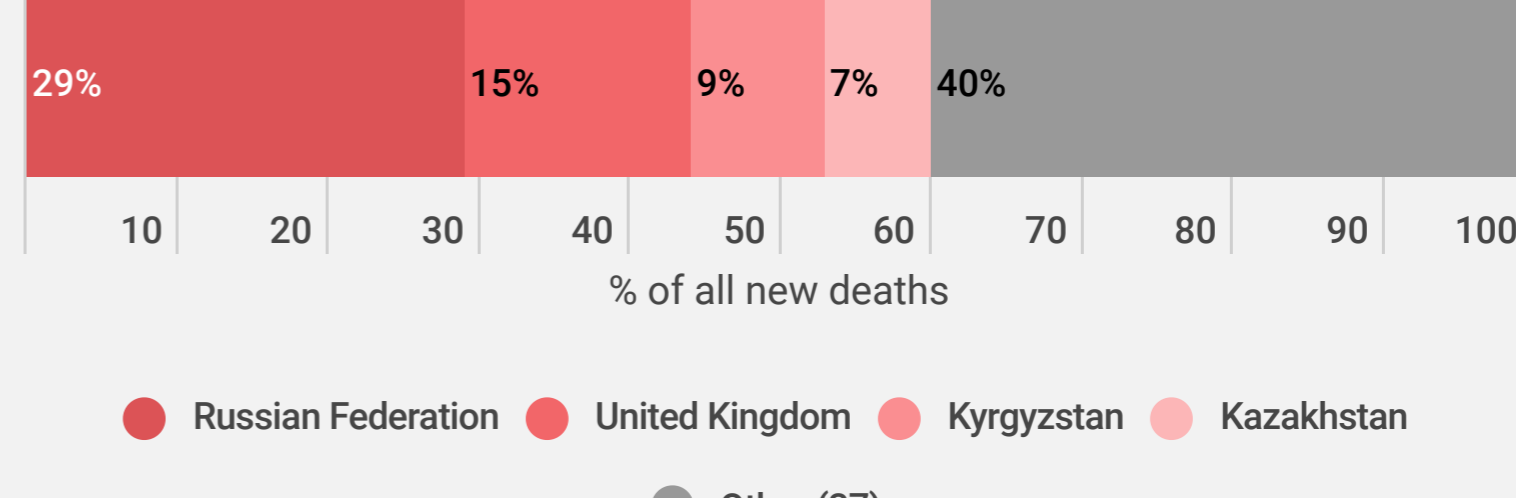
## New cases Epi week 30

151,005



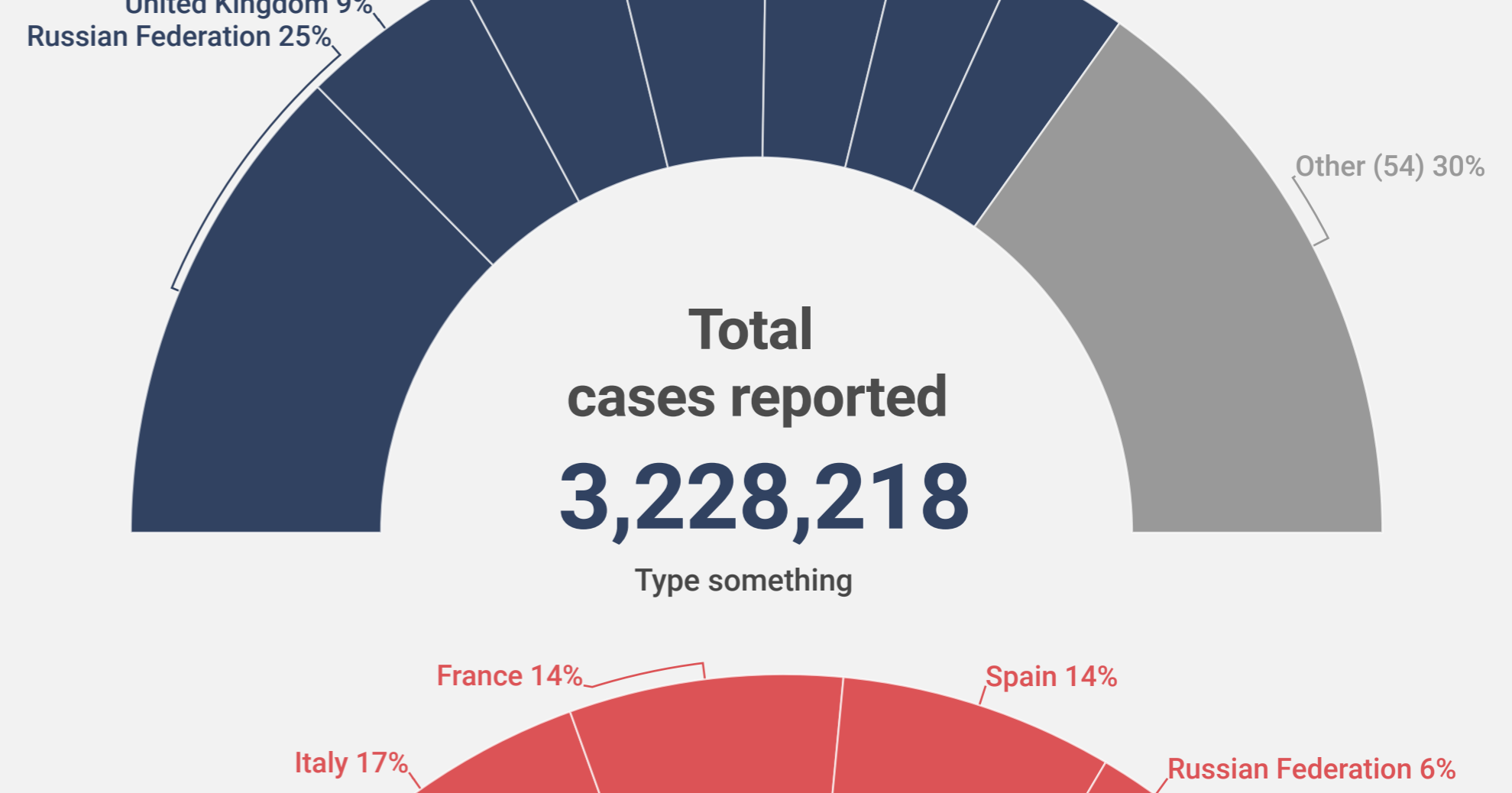
## New deaths Epi week 30

3,212



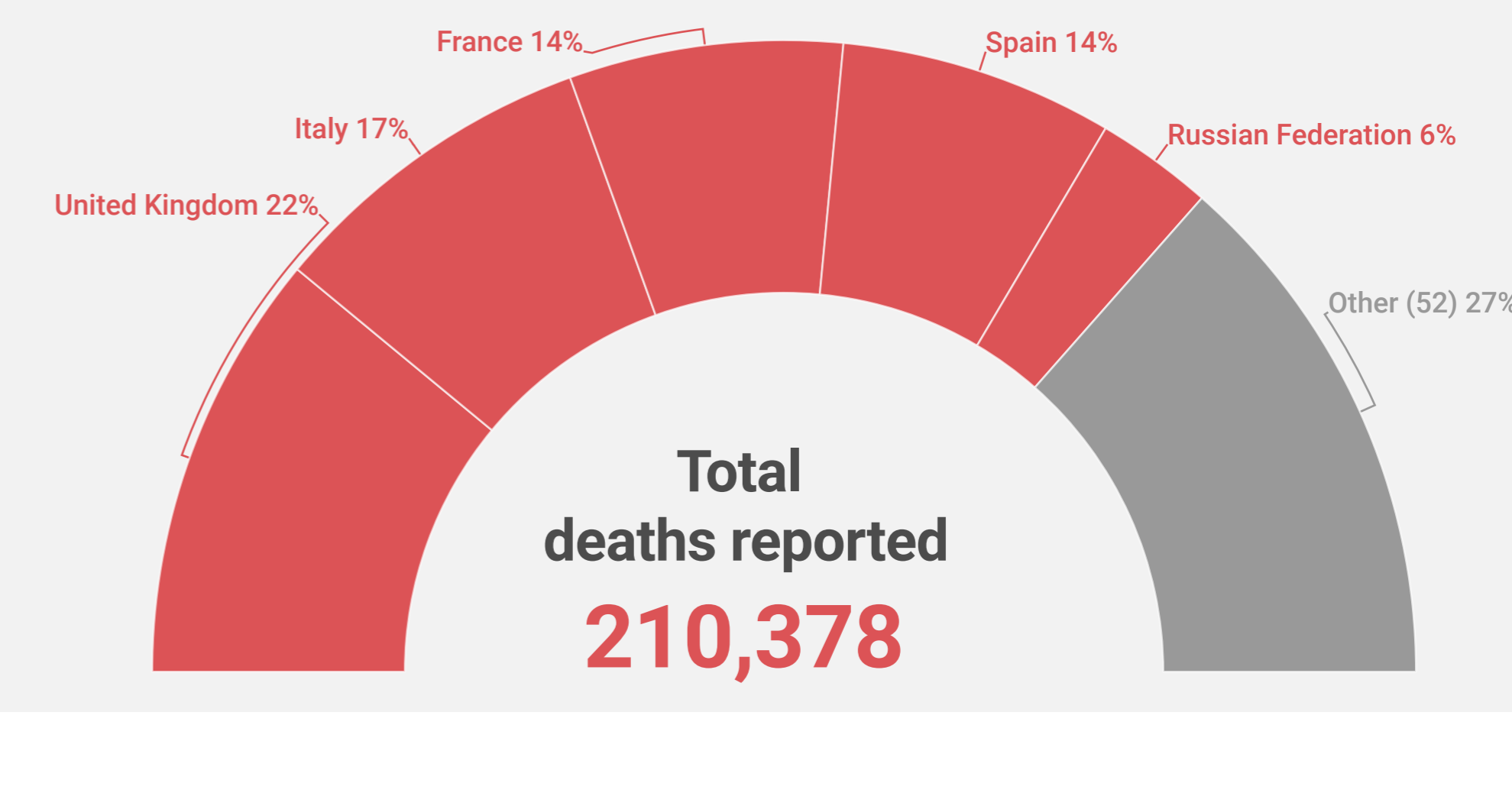
## Total cases reported

3,228,218



## Total deaths reported

210,378



<b>27%</b> of all people infected were health care workers	<b>95%</b> of all deaths had at least 1 underlying condition	<b>58%</b> of all deaths were in men
<b>76%</b> of all ICU admissions were people aged 50-79 years	<b>90%</b> of all deaths were in persons aged 65+	<b>81%</b> of all deaths had cardiovascular disease

For more detailed information see: [WHO Global situation reports](#) [WHO Global situation dashboard](#)

Figure 1: Number of COVID-19 cases (N=3,228,218) and deaths (N=210,378) by reporting week

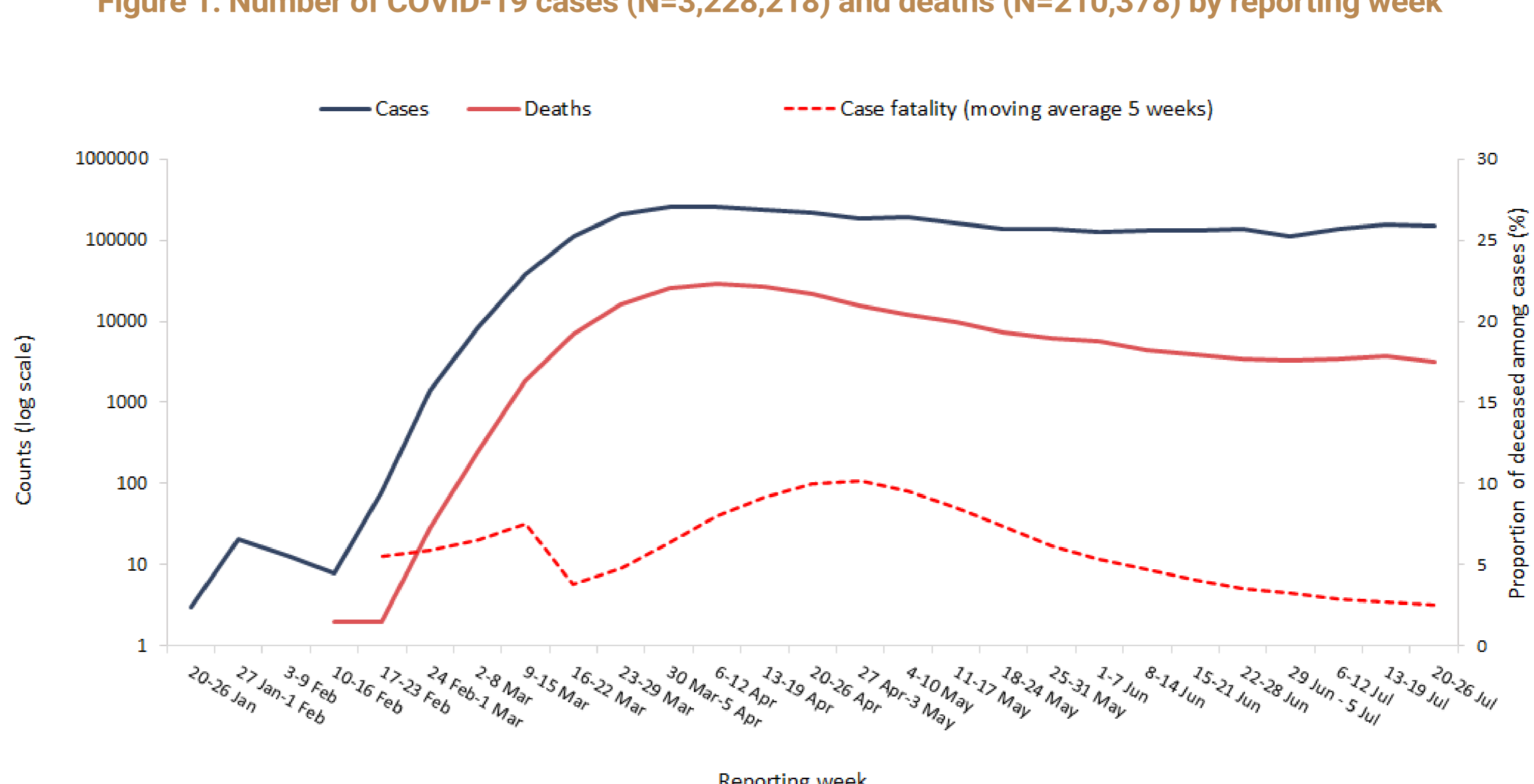


Figure 2A. COVID-19 incidence per 100,000 population and number of deaths by country for week 30

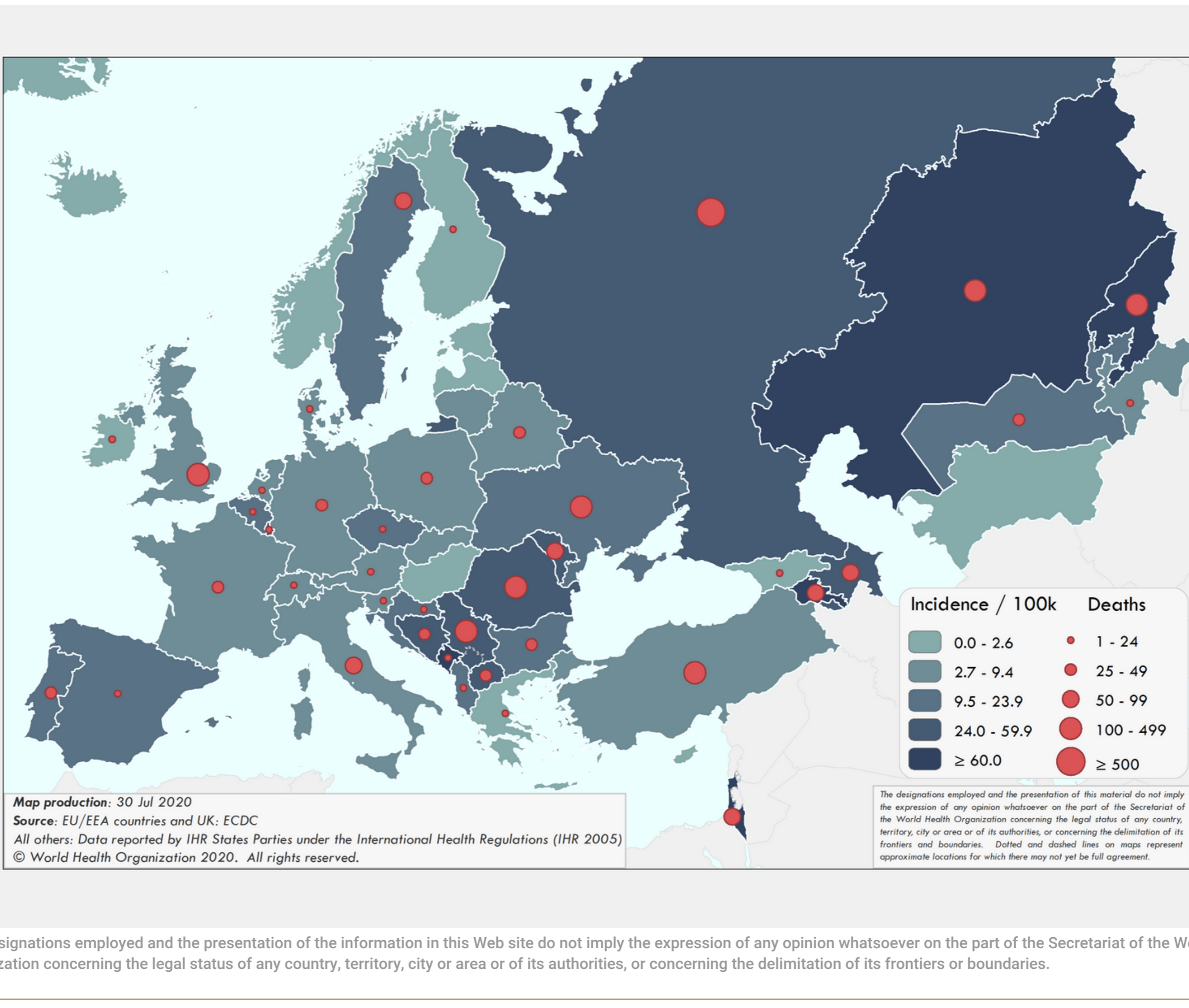


Figure 2B. COVID-19 cumulative incidence per 100,000 population and number of deaths by country

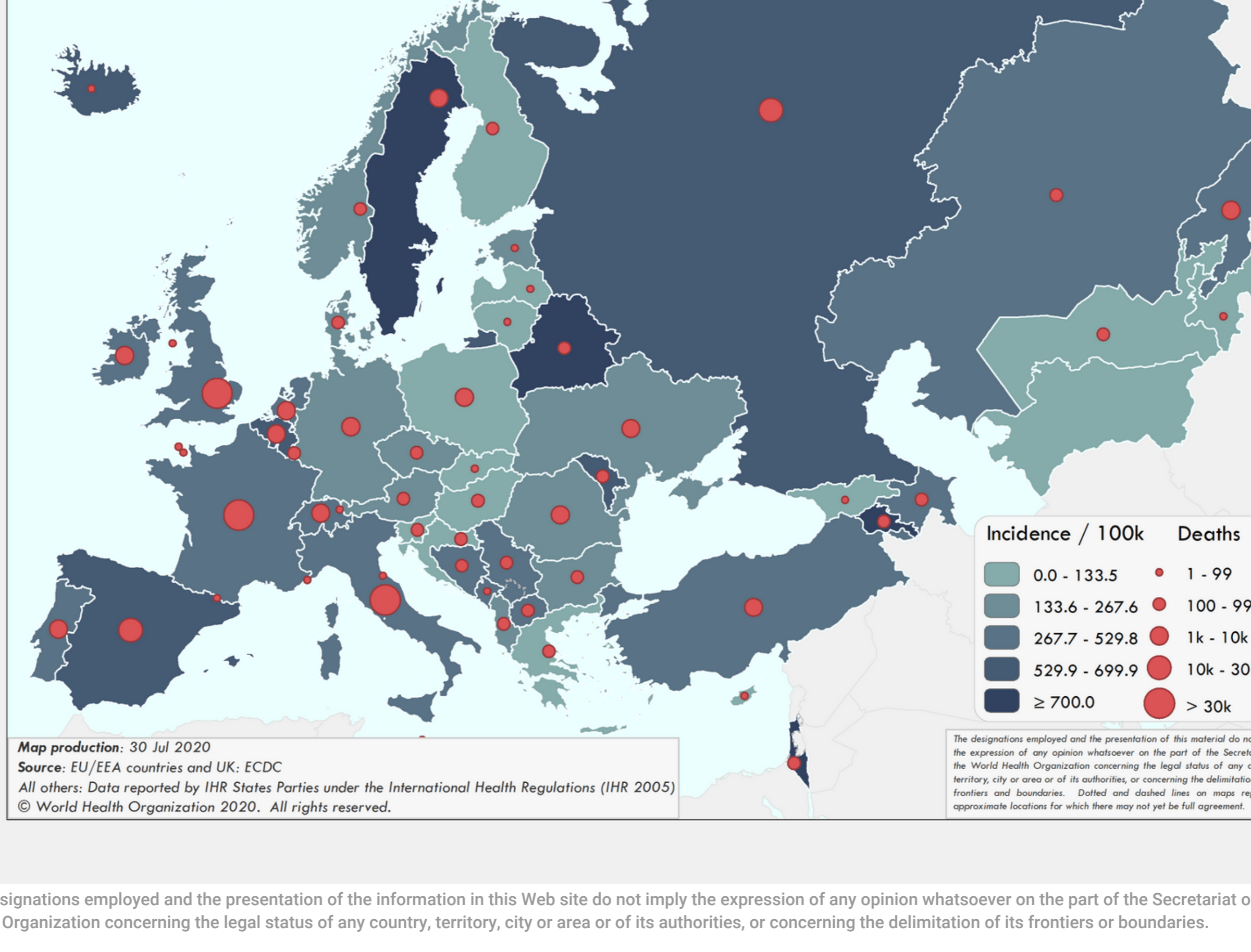


Table 1. Characteristics of COVID-19 cases and deaths

Characteristics	n	%	Total records with data available
<b>Cases*</b>			
Age in years, median (range)	55 (1-105)		551,326
Sex, male	255,185	46	549,295
Recovered	205,687	91	226,657
Health care workers	42,549	27	155,077
Hospitalization	49,401	20	248,916
Intensive care unit admissions	5,149	2	280,258
<b>Deaths*</b>			
Age in years, median (range)	82 (0-108)		137,735
Sex, male	79,508	58	136,398
At least one underlying condition	39,518	95	41,594
• cardiovascular disease	8,585	81	10,622
• diabetes	2,827	50	5,692
• lung disease	2,927	51	5,791
• neurological disease / dementia	3,009	38	7,886
• renal disease	821	24	3,446
• obesity	256	10	2,650
• liver disease	411	7	6,116
• immune disease	91	3	2,684
• other	1,423	35	4,121

\*Case report forms, as at 20 July 2020 (n=553,810); Health care workers refer to occupation and not to the place of exposure  
\*Case report forms as at 20 July 2020 and mortality survey (n=137,751)

Figure 3. COVID-19 cases (N=931,957) and deaths (N=42,358) by age group and reporting week

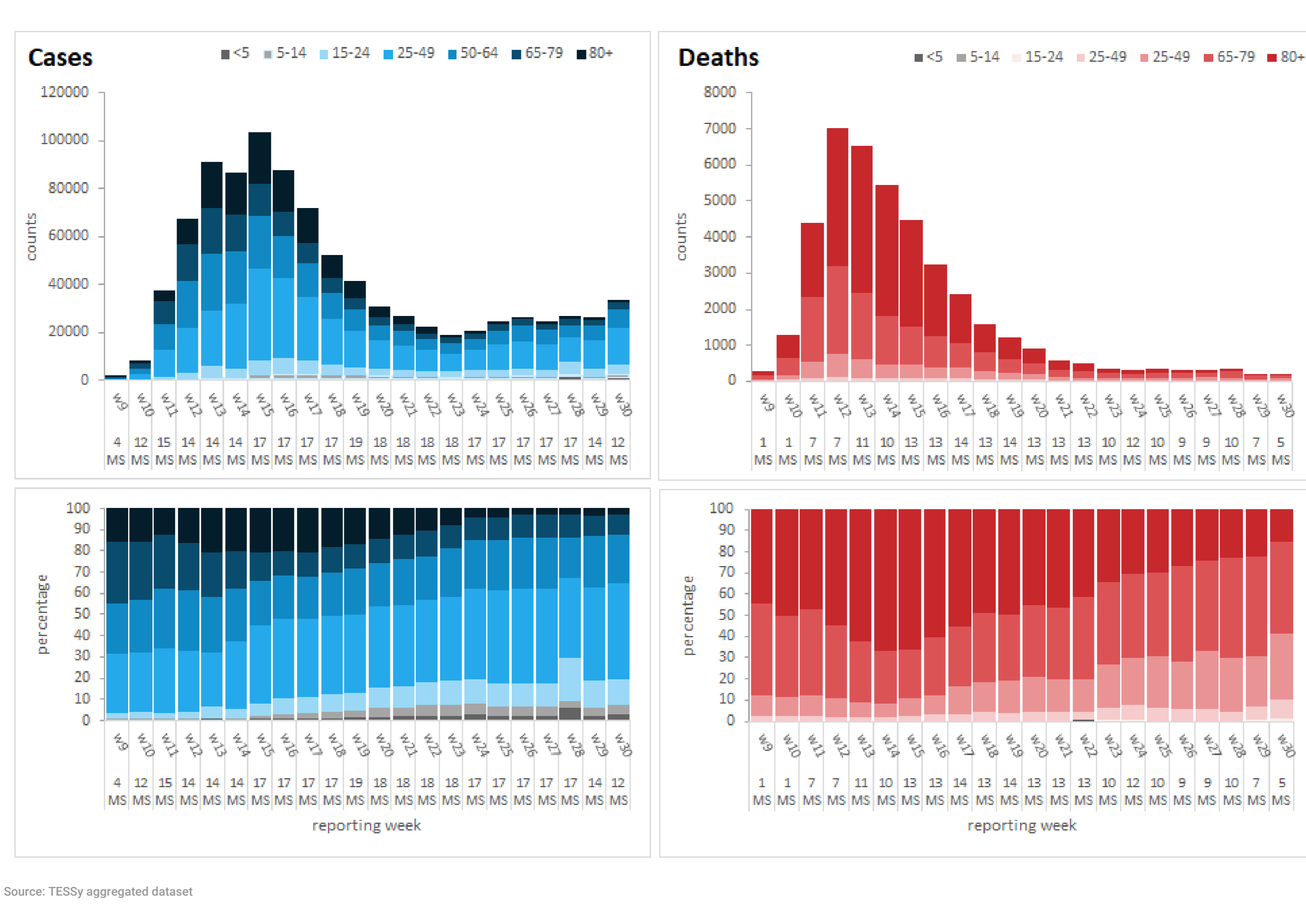


Figure 4. Percentage positive for COVID-19 in the ILI/ARI sentinel surveillance by reporting week

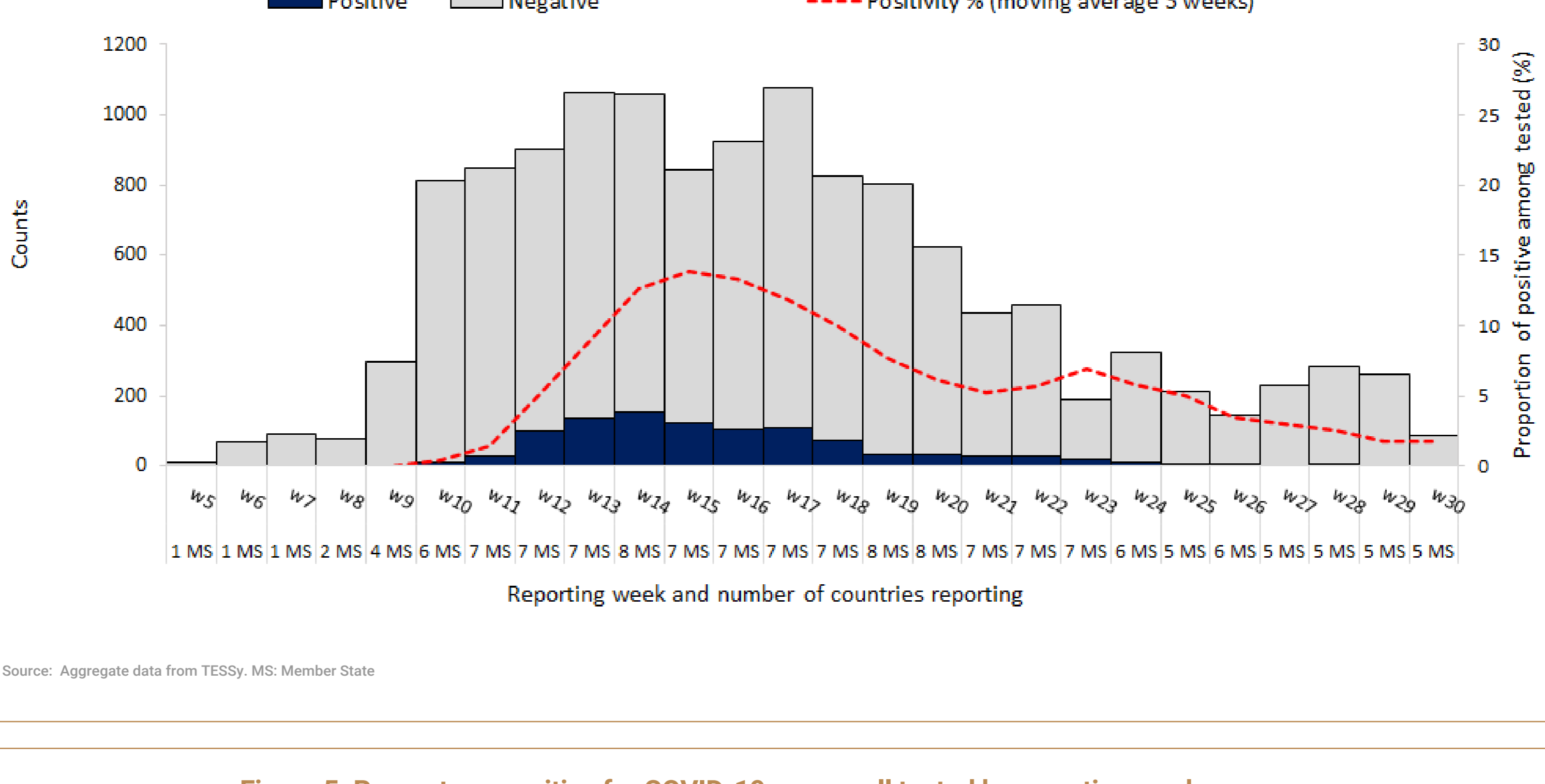


Figure 5. Percentage positive for COVID-19 among 90 tested by reporting week

