

KEY FACTS ON HIV EPIDEMIC IN ARMENIA AND PROGRESS IN 2011

(pop. 3 249 482)

By the end of 2011, Armenia had reported a cumulative total of 1 153 HIV cases to the WHO Regional Office for Europe and the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC); 558 of the cases were reported as having developed AIDS, including 193 people who had died. For the year 2011, 181 HIV infections, 87 AIDS cases and 22 deaths among AIDS cases were reported. The rate of newly diagnosed HIV infections was 5.5 per 100 000 population. The majority of newly diagnosed cases were male (62%). Among newly diagnosed cases with information about transmission mode (95.6%), 72.8% were transmitted through heterosexual contact, 23.7% through injecting drug use and 2.3 % through sex between men. By the end of 2011, the total number of reported mother-to-child transmission cases was 20, including 2 in 2011.

Taking undiagnosed infections into account, the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) and the WHO estimate that 3 600 (2 100 - 7 000) people were living with HIV in Armenia at the end of 2011 and that less than 500 people died from AIDS-related causes during 2011.

In 2011, 68 449 people were tested for HIV and at the end of 2011, 330 people were receiving ART (a significant increase compared to the 179 people who were on treatment in 2009). Of the people receiving ART by the end of 2011, 11 were children between 0-14 years.

The only governmental institution providing antiretroviral therapy (ART) for people living with HIV in Armenia is the National Centre for AIDS Prevention (NCAP).

Sources:

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