

Health and sustainable development in Europe – opportunities and challenges

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WHO Regional Director for Europe

24 April 2018





Health at the centre of development

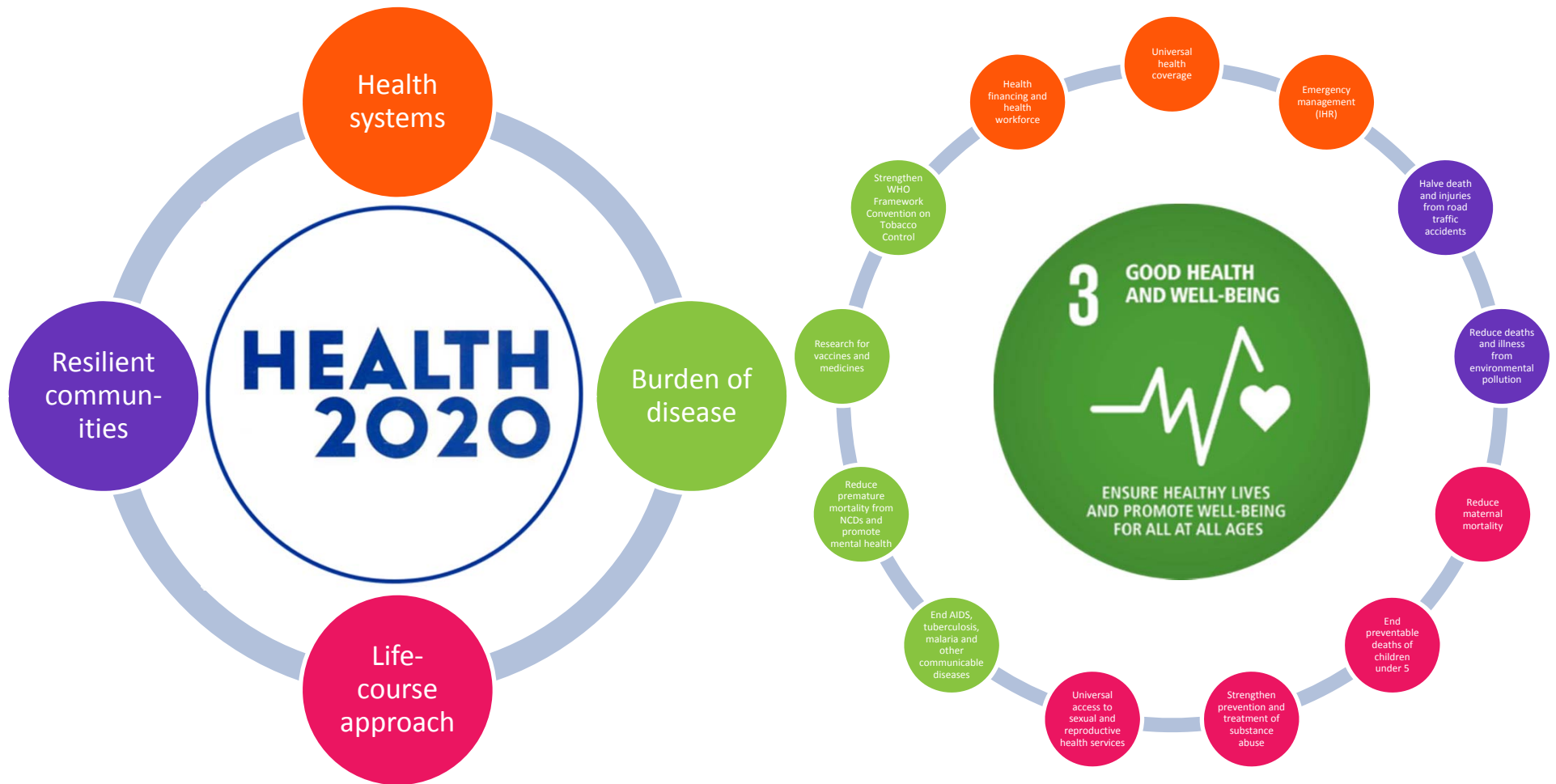
Health is a political choice

“Leaving no one behind”
is our call for action

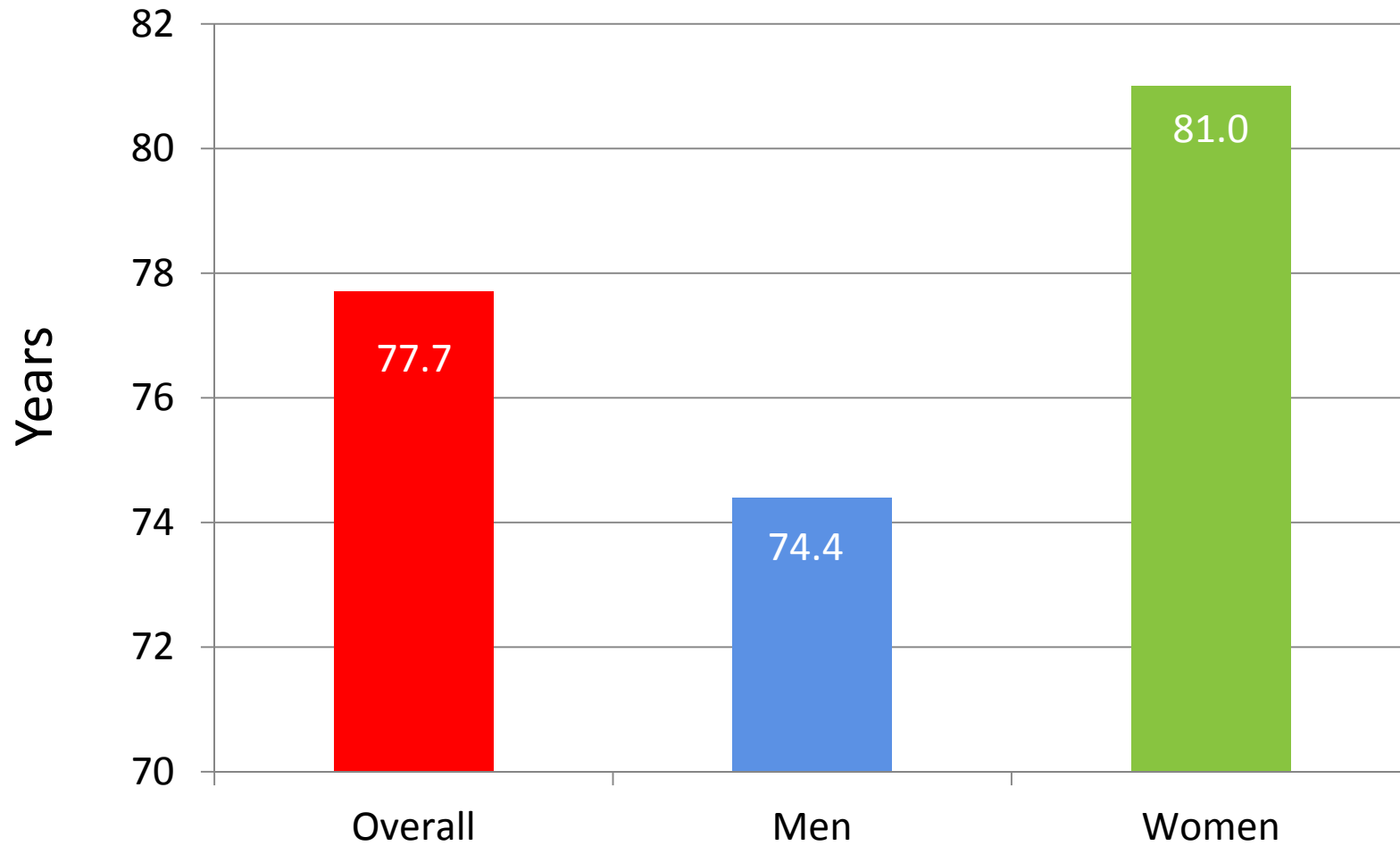
Moving towards joint commitments

1. Focus on inequities
2. Achieve universal health coverage
3. Strengthen health systems
4. Work upstream: health promotion and disease prevention
5. Address all the determinants of health
6. Strengthen emergency preparedness and response

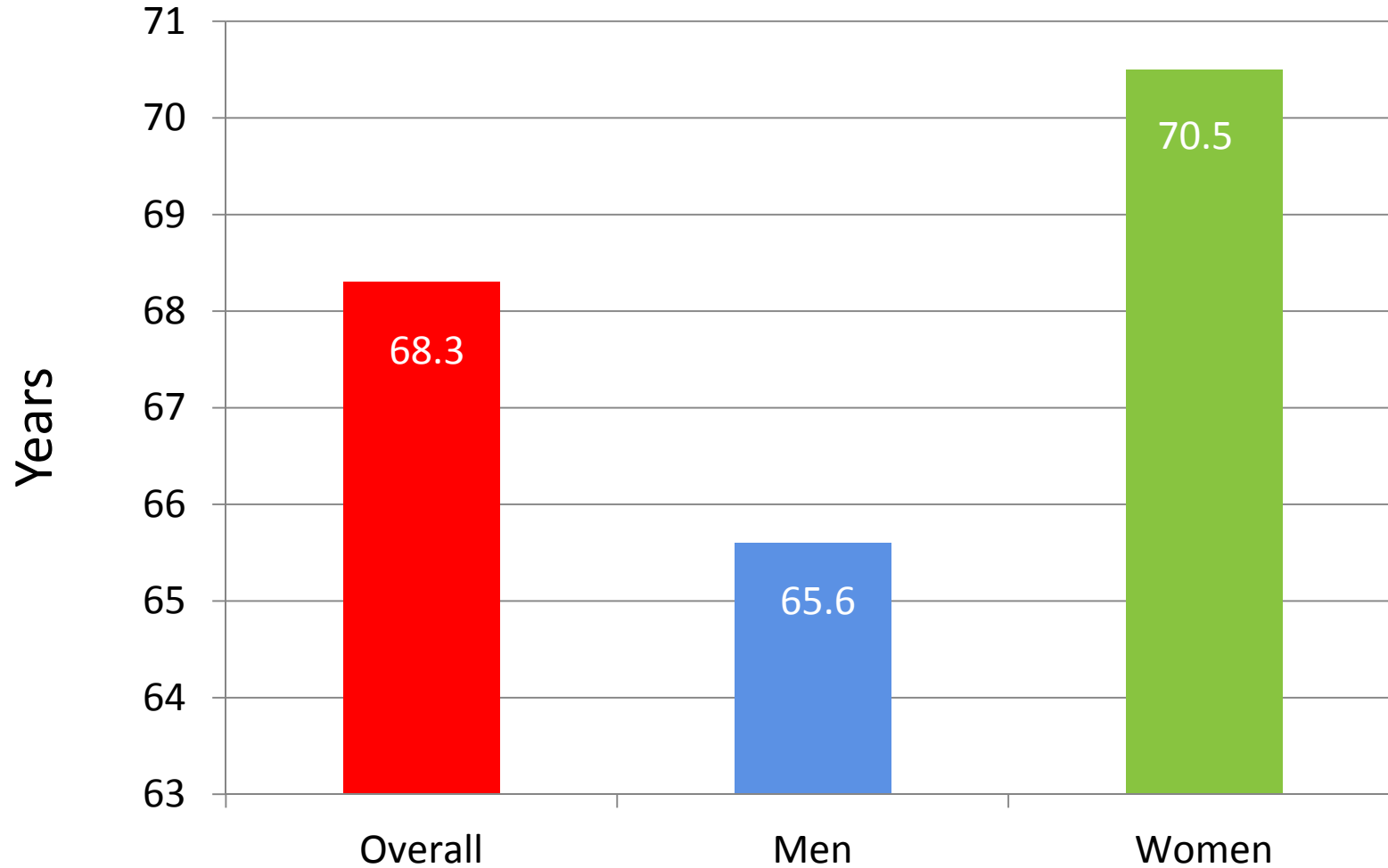
Health 2020 is fully aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Life expectancy is increasing in the WHO European Region



Healthy years at birth reached 68 across the Region



Premature mortality is declining



- Most countries are experiencing a 2–3% annual average decline in premature mortality.
- The aim is a decline of 40% by 2025.

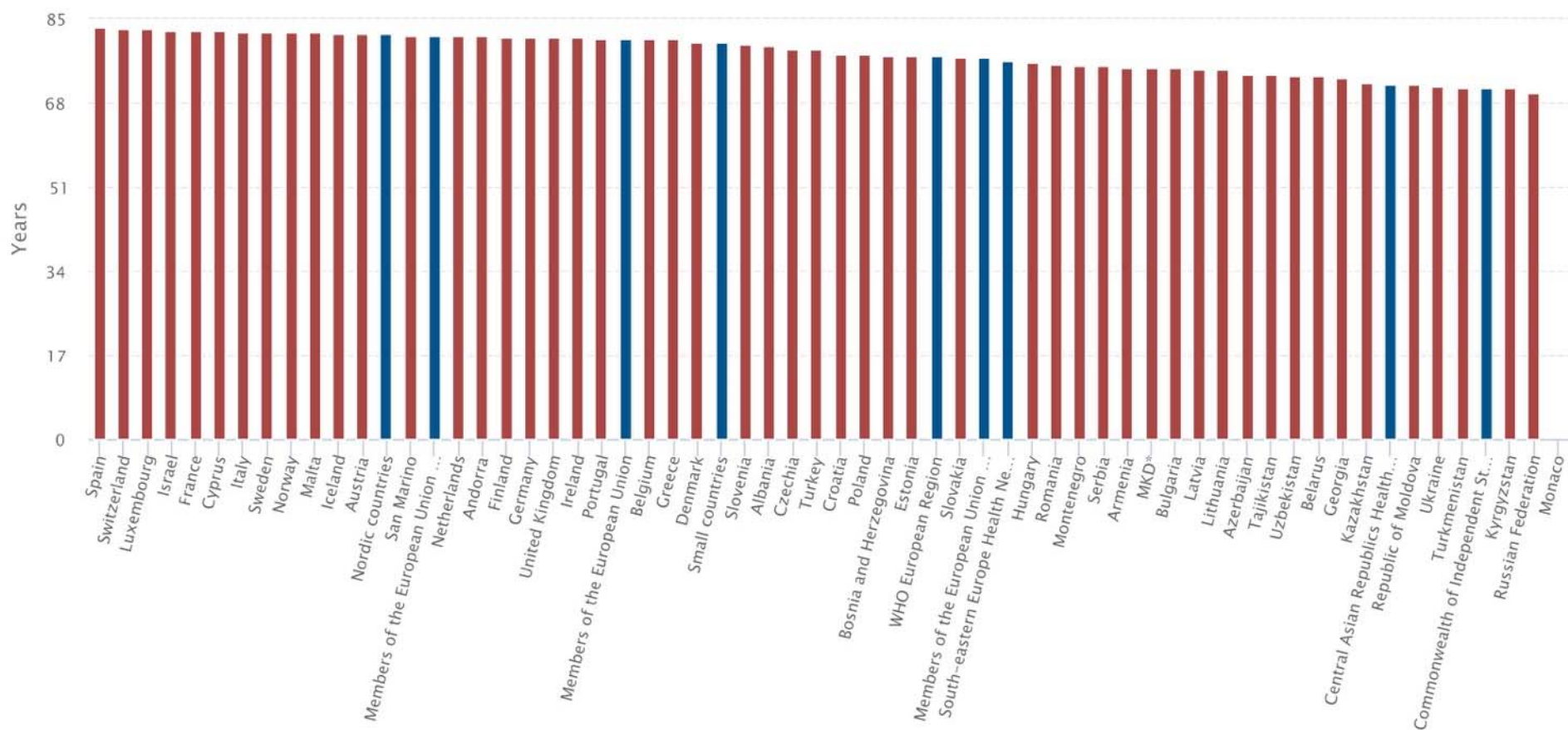
Progress so far in the Region

- Infant mortality: **6.7 per 1000 live births**
- Children vaccinated against measles and rubella: **94%**
- Proportion of children not enrolled in school: **boys 2.5%, girls 8.3%**
- Populations with improved sanitation facilities: **92.9%**



Discrepancies remain

Life expectancy at birth (years)



* The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (MKD is an abbreviation by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO))

Life expectancy at birth ranges from 71.2 to 83.4 years

Healthy years of life ranges from 59.8 years to 73.1 years

Discrepancies remain



Infant mortality ranges from 1.9 to 22.1 per 1000 live births



Rubella vaccination ranges from 42% to 99%

Health is more than just SDG 3



“Promoting intersectoral and interagency action for health and well-being in the WHO European Region”
France, December 2016

Implementing the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in the WHO European Region

HEALTH 2020
A European Quality Framework
accelerating action, linking governments
and society for health
and well-being

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
IMPROVE HEALTH CARE AND PROMOTE WELL-BEING FOR ALL AT ALL AGES

World Health Organization
Europe

High Level Conference – Working together for better



National and local networks:
catalysing action towards common goals



FOURTH SOUTH-EASTERN HEALTH MINISTERIAL F

Health, well-being and prosperity in South-Eastern Europe
in the context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Chisinau, Republic of Moldova, 3–4 April 2023



Subnational networks are key platforms for implementation



Healthy Cities Network



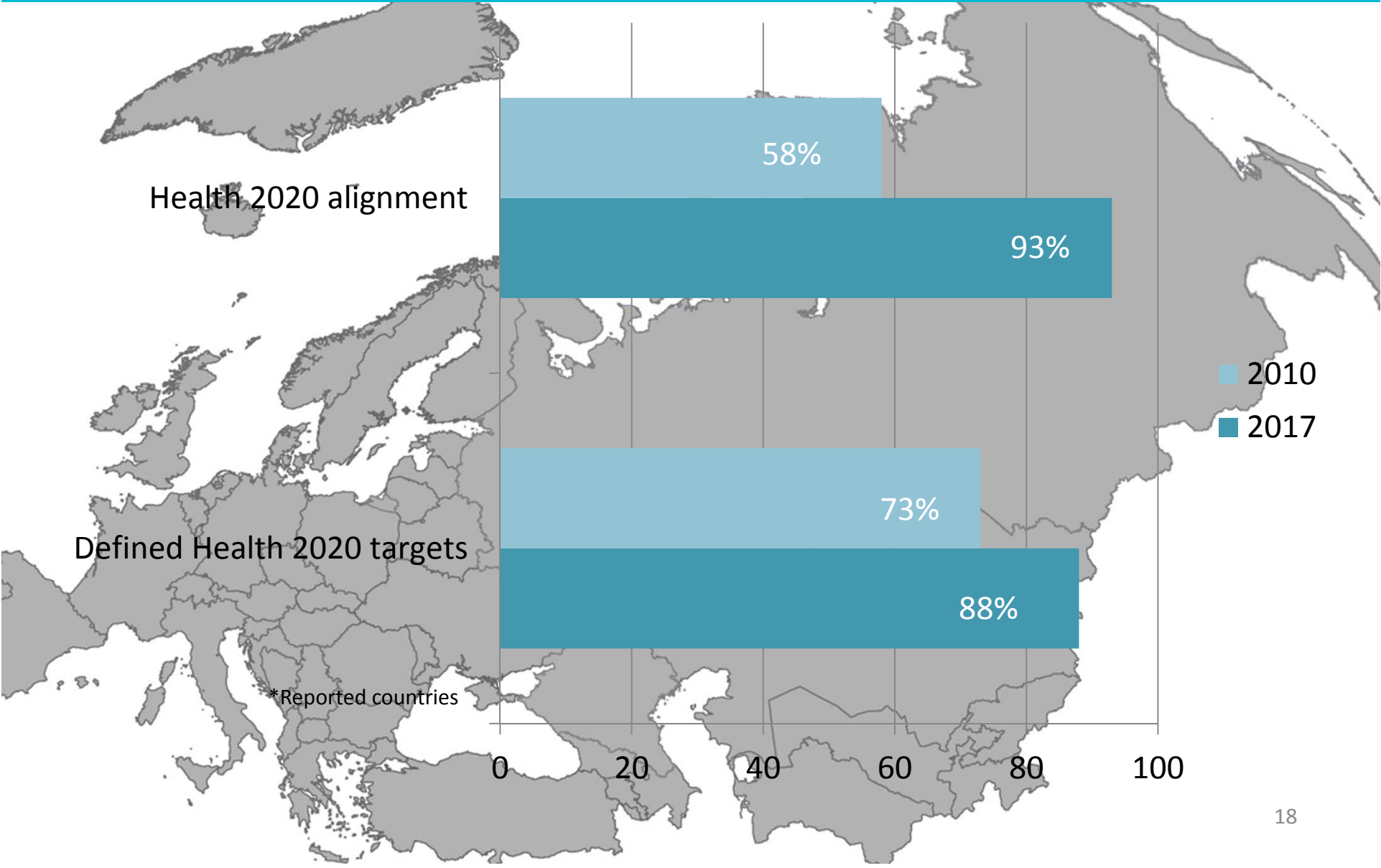
Regions for Health Network



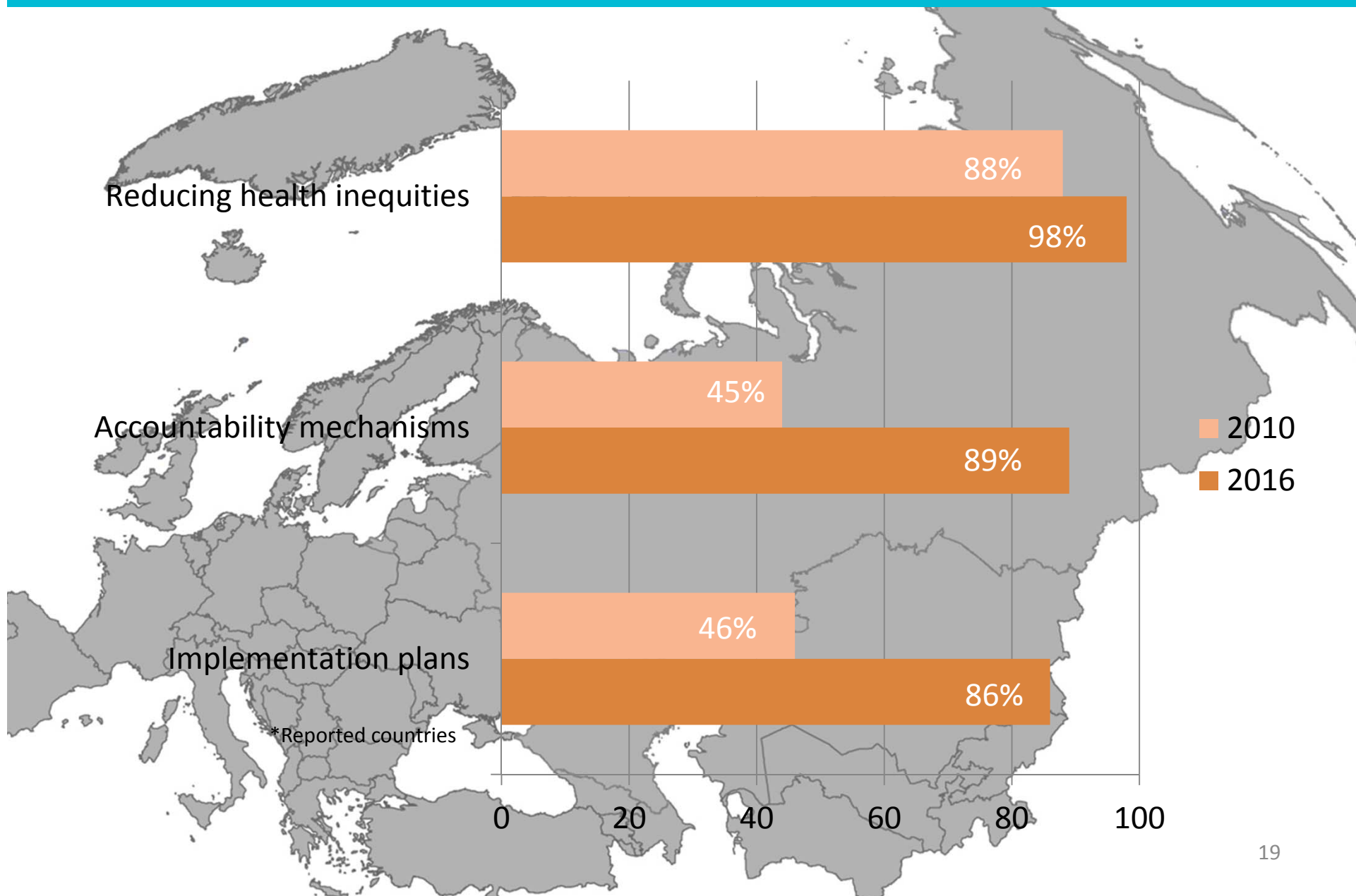
MALTA EU2017

Small Countries Initiative

Health 2020 is increasingly incorporated into national health policies



Most countries have policies addressing health inequalities





Investing in public health pays back

We need a new, invigorated public health movement, because public health is a driver of equitable health improvement.

Health
systems

Resilient
communities

**HEALTH
2020**

Burden of disease

"...all people and communities receive the quality services they need, including health promotion, disease prevention, treatment and rehabilitation, without financial hardship."

Universal health coverage

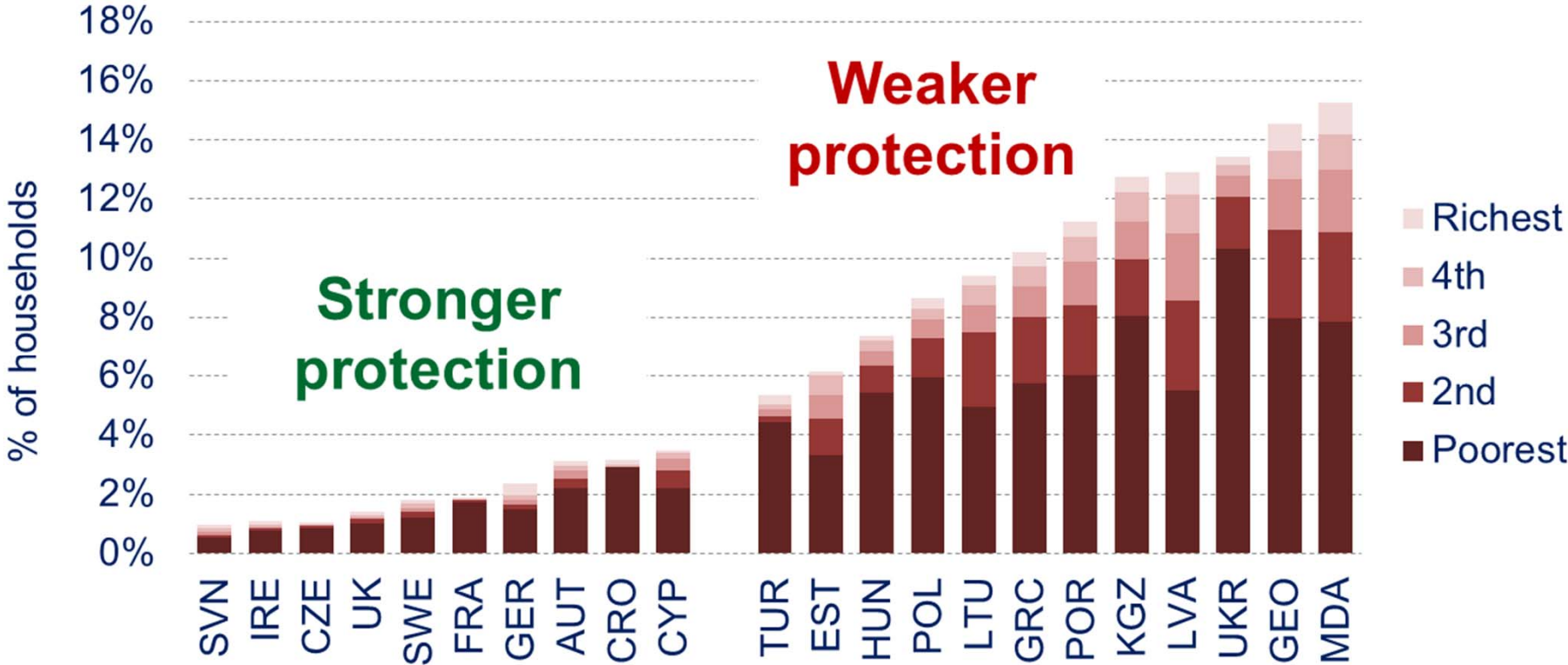
"It is unacceptable that
people become poor as a
result of ill health"

The Tallinn Charter



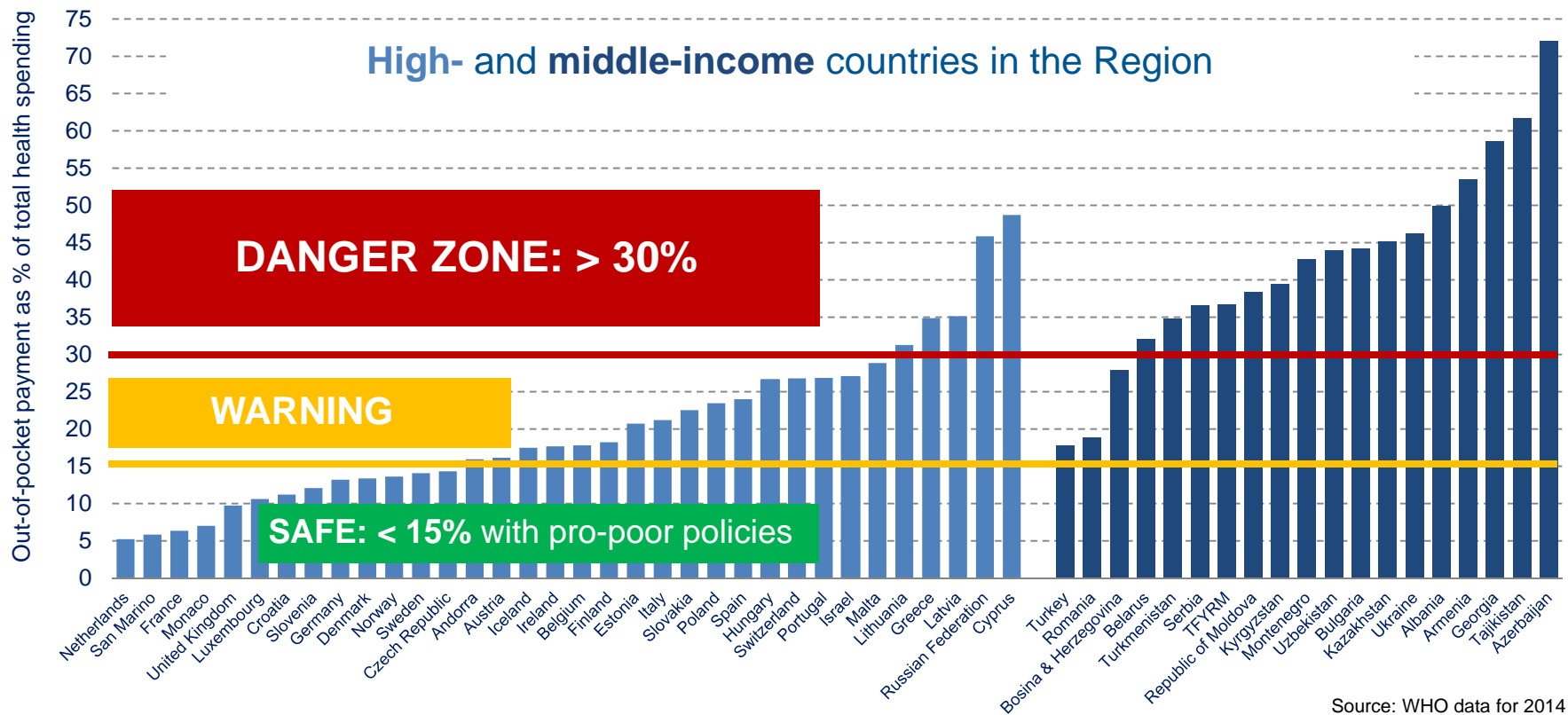
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„TERVISESÜSTEEM,
TERVIS JA JÕUKUS“
Tallinn, Eesti, 25–27 juuni 2008

Catastrophic out-of-pocket payments affect the poorest

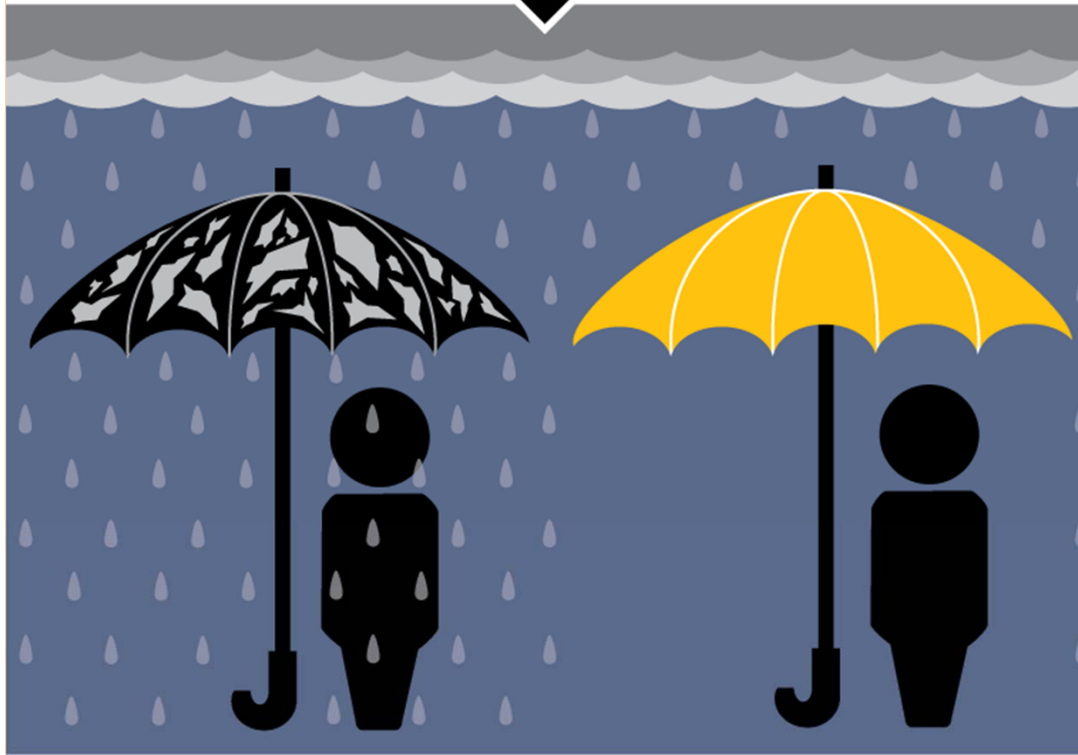


Source: WHO/Europe estimates for the latest year available using national household survey data

Out-of-pocket payment share of total health spending is high in many countries



YES, BOTH HAVE UMBRELLAS.



BUT ONLY ONE IS PROTECTED.

MEASURE WHAT MATTERS.

**IT'S NOT UNIVERSAL HEALTH COVERAGE
UNLESS IT PROTECTS AGAINST FINANCIAL HARDSHIP.**

Health systems respond to noncommunicable diseases (NCDs)

High-Level Regional
MEETING

**Health Systems
Respond to NCDs:**
Experience in
the European
Region

Sitges, Spain
16-18 April 2018



CELEBRATE

SHARE

INSPIRE



Visit our website
for country
experiences and
good practices:

<http://www.euro.who.int/en/health-systems-response-to-NCDs>



A vision for health systems in Europe: the future of the Tallinn Charter

Celebrating the 10th anniversary of
the Tallinn Charter

Tallinn, Estonia
13–14 June, 2018



INCLUDE

INVEST

INNOVATE

40th anniversary
of the
Declaration of
Alma Ata
2018





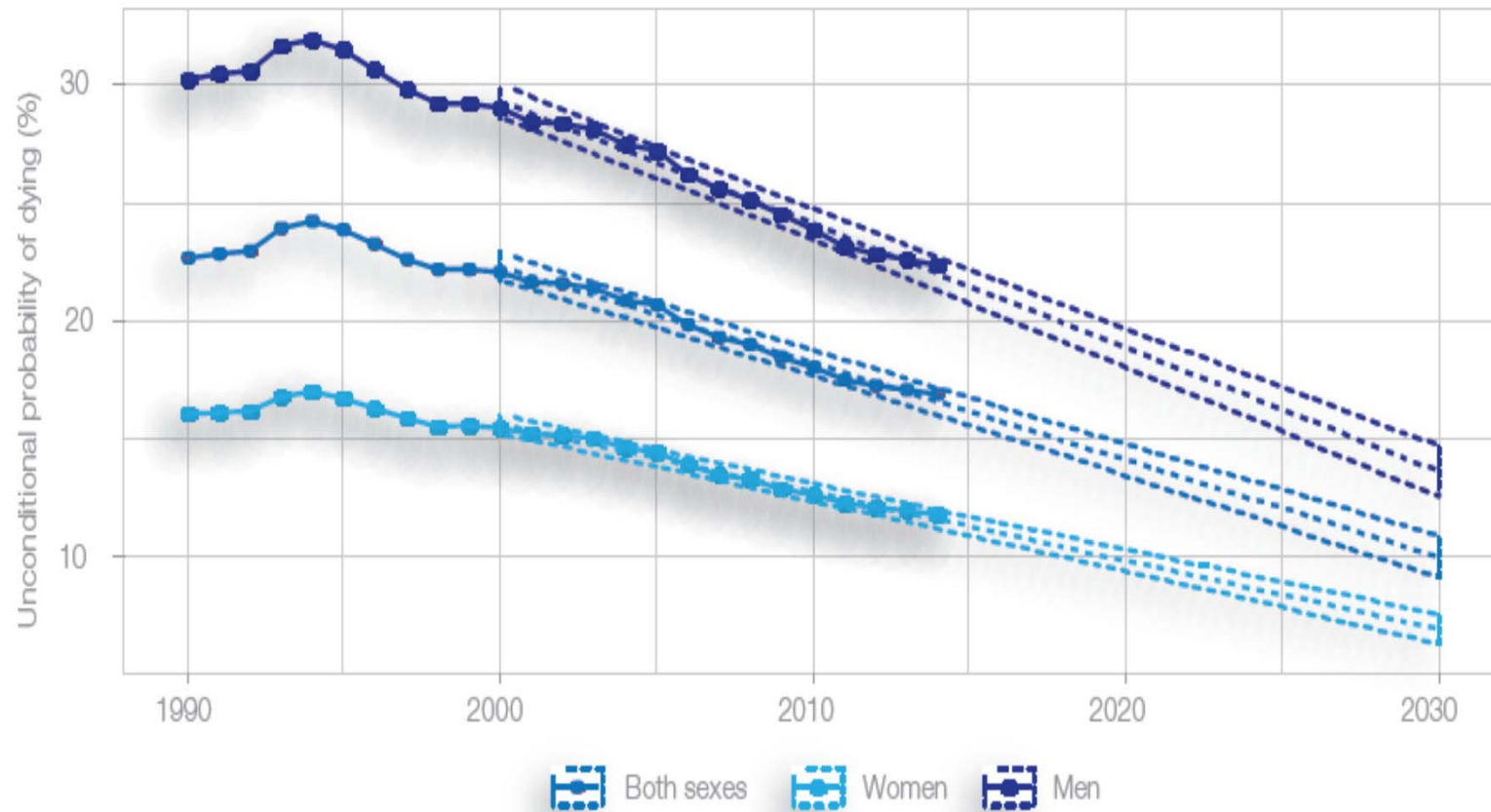
Making a sustainable health workforce in Europe



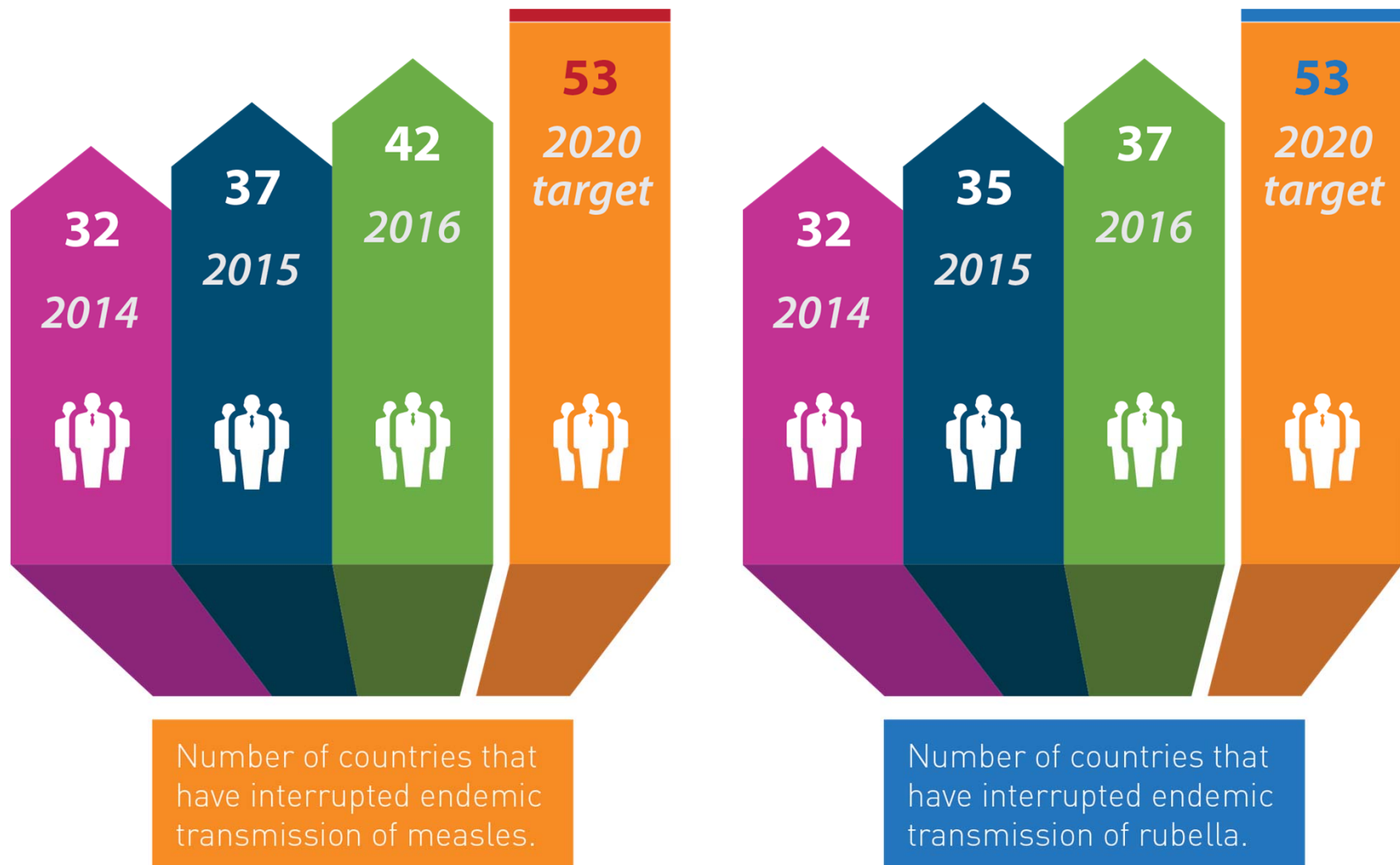
Ensuring access to effective, high-quality medicines for all

Tackling the main disease burdens

NCD outcomes – a success story (?)

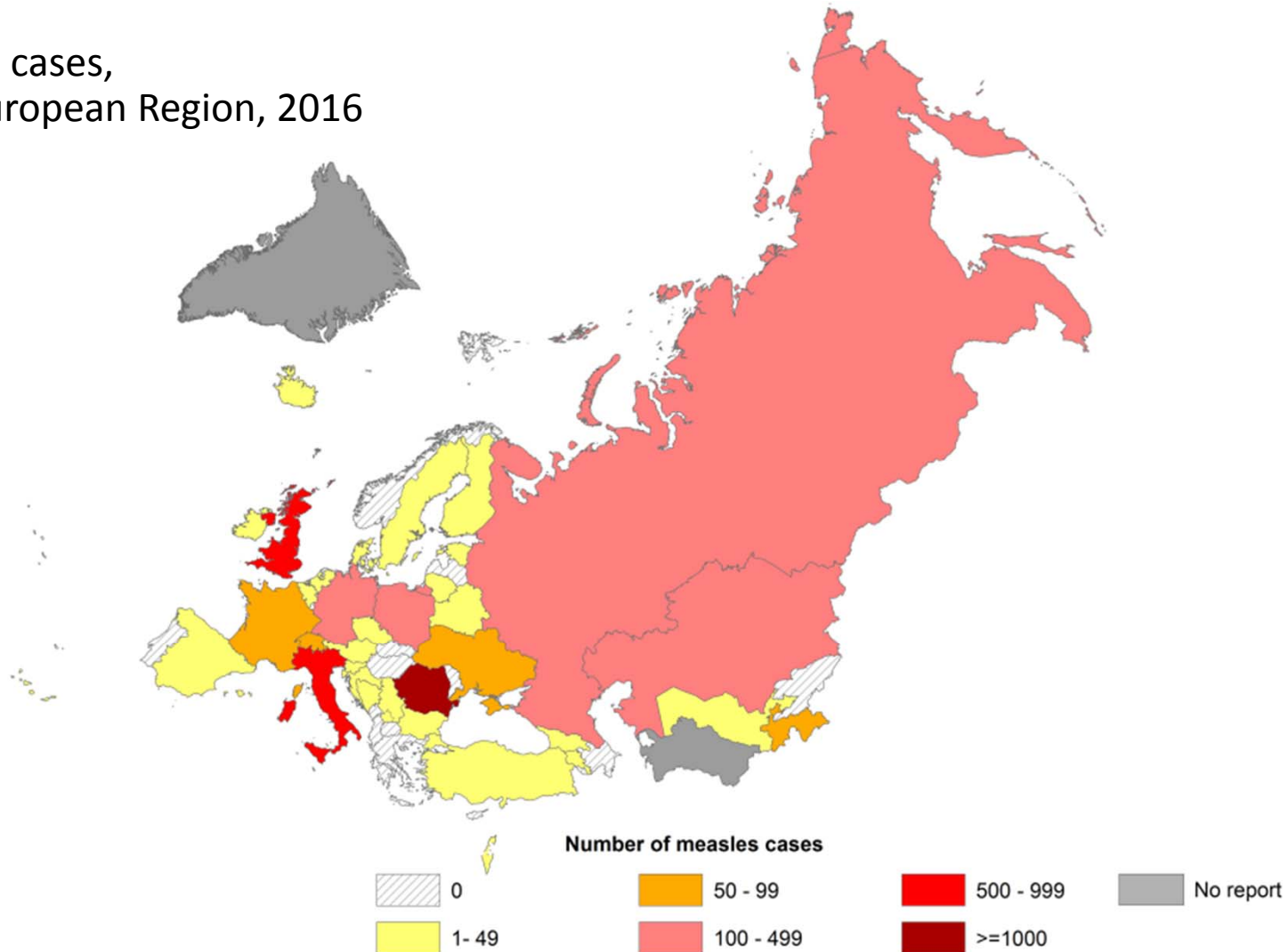


Major gains in measles and rubella elimination

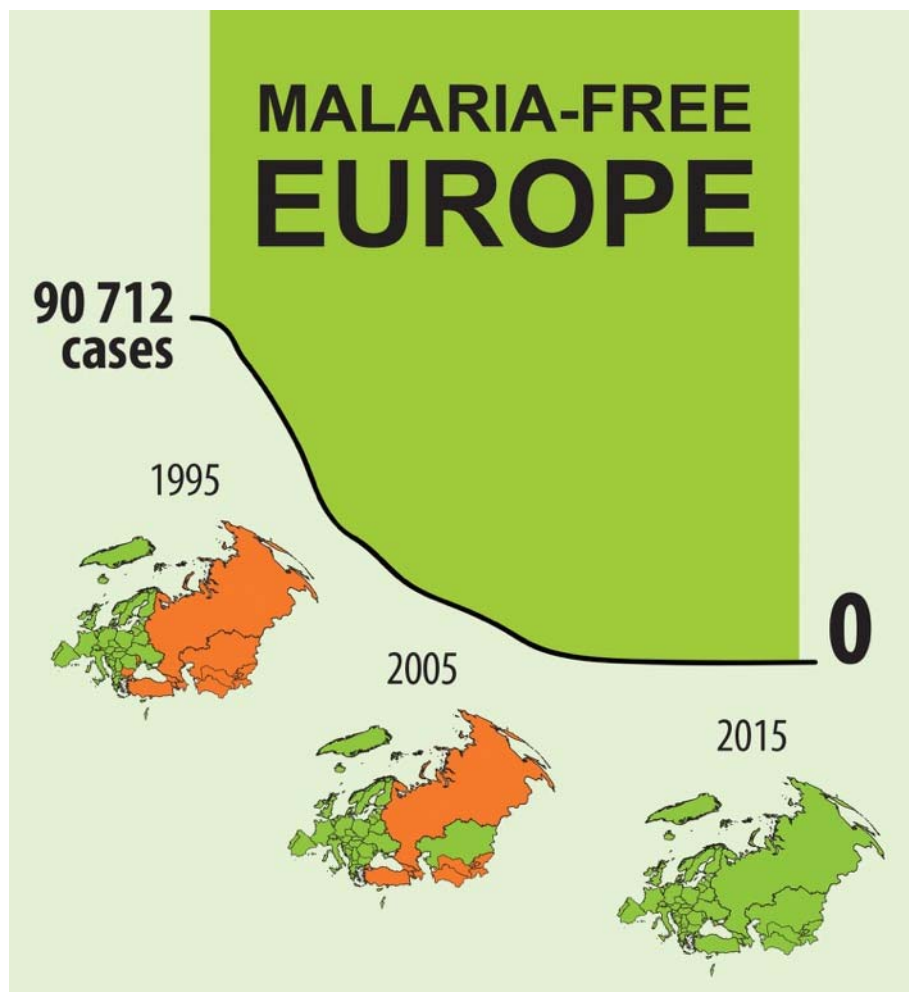


Progress is hampered by setbacks

Measles cases,
WHO European Region, 2016



From malaria elimination to maintaining malaria-free status



THE ASHGABAT STATEMENT


Dr Levon Altunyan
Minister of Health,
Armenia


Dr Ogtay Shiraliyev
Minister of Health,
Azerbaijan


Dr David Sergeenko
Minister of Labour, Health and
Social Affairs,
Georgia


Dr Yelzhan Birtanov
Minister of Health,
Kazakhstan


Dr Talantbek Batyraliev
Minister of Health,
Kyrgyzstan


Dr Veronika Skvortsova
Minister of Health,
Russian Federation

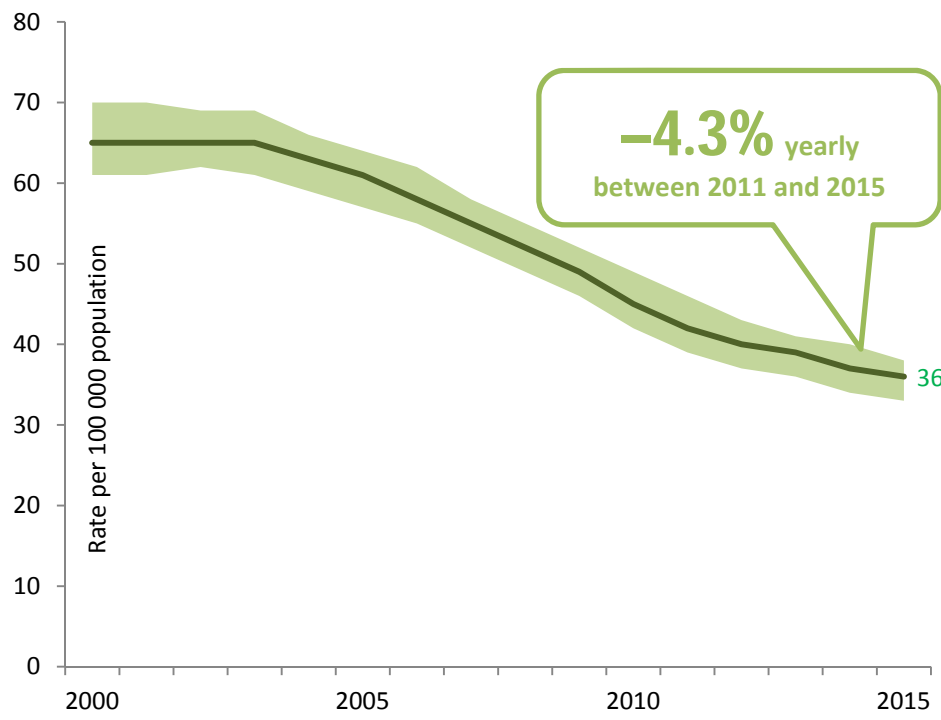

Dr Nasim Hoja Olimzoda
Minister of Health and
Social Protection,
Tajikistan


Dr Recep Akdağ
Minister of Health,
Turkey

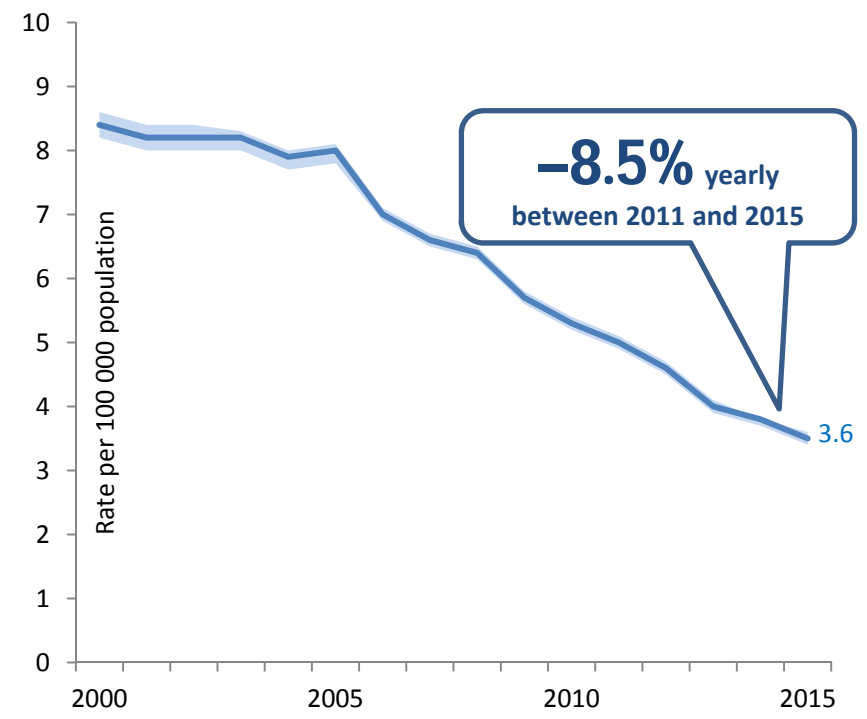

Dr Nurmuhammet Amanepesov
Minister of Health and Medical
Industry,
Turkmenistan


Dr Alisher Shadmanov
Minister of Health,
Uzbekistan

The Region has the fastest decline in tuberculosis (TB) incidence and mortality

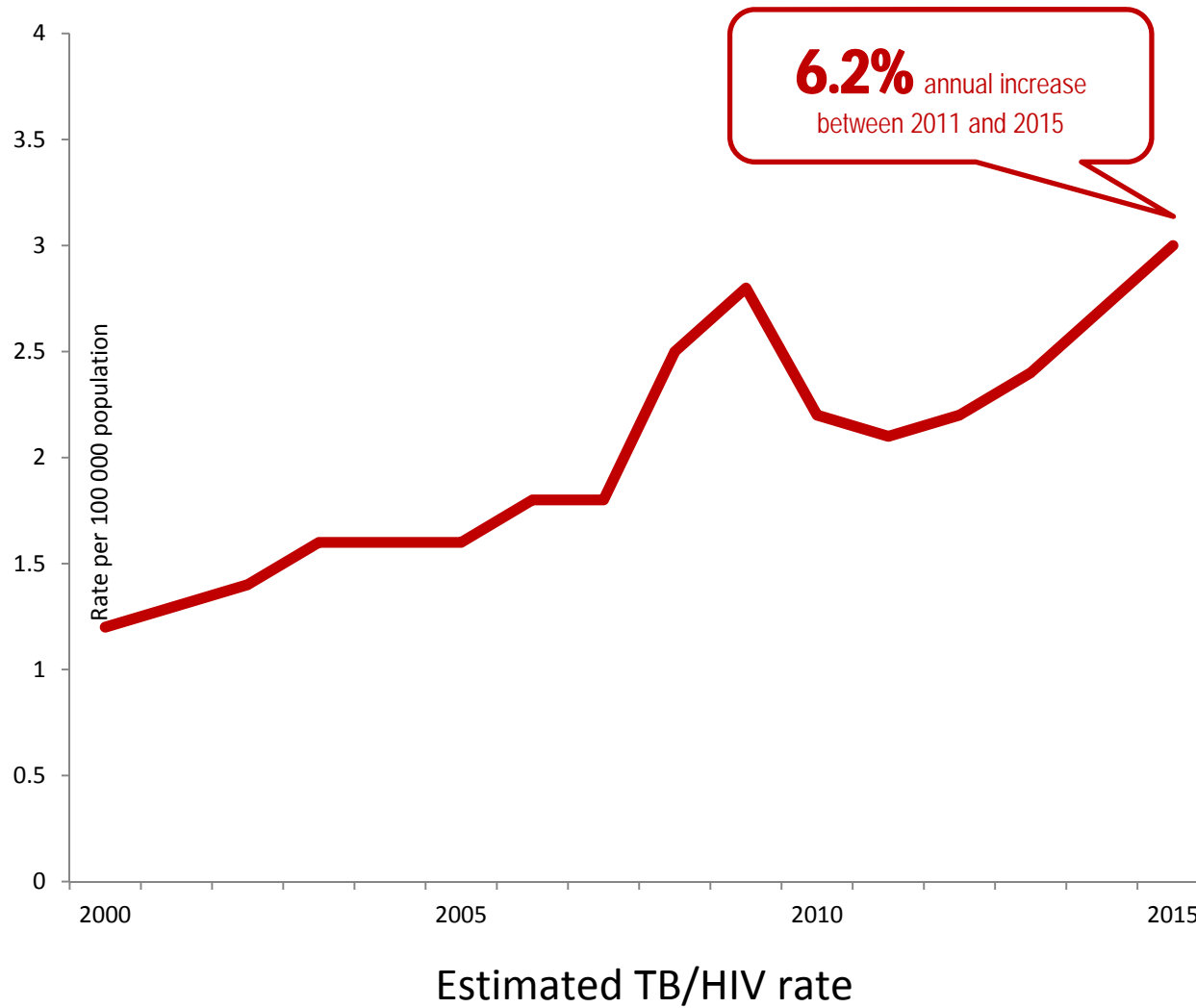


Estimated TB incidence rate



Estimated TB mortality rate

TB/HIV coinfection is on the rise



The HIV epidemic is moving at an alarming rate



New HIV diagnoses in the WHO European Region 2006–2015

A comprehensive response is guided by national strategies



Mark World Antibiotic Awareness Week in November



Health emergencies, preparedness, surveillance and response

WHO's Health Emergencies Programme is fully functional



ERF | EMERGENCY
RESPONSE
FRAMEWORK
Second edition



Roles

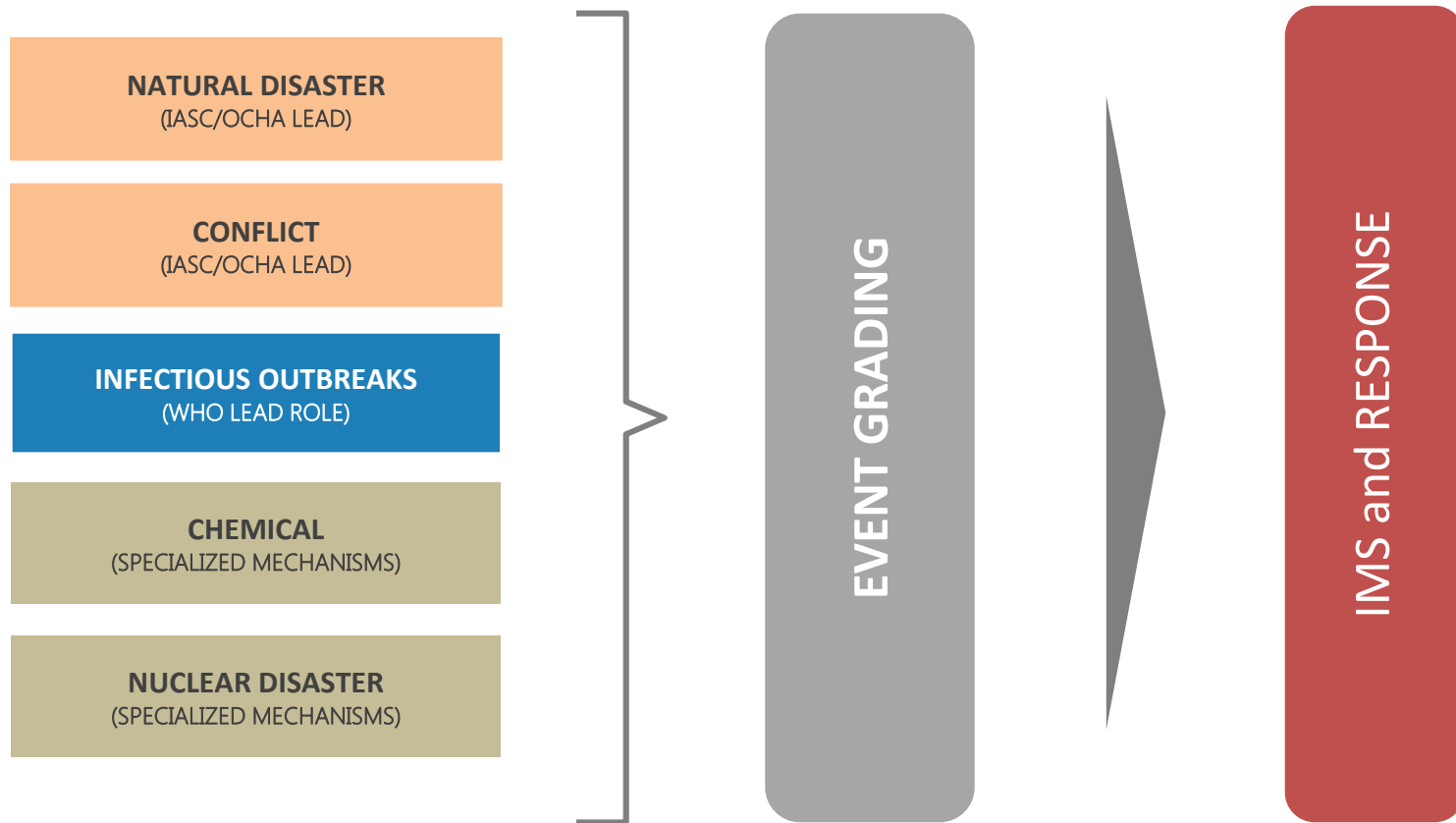
Responsibilities

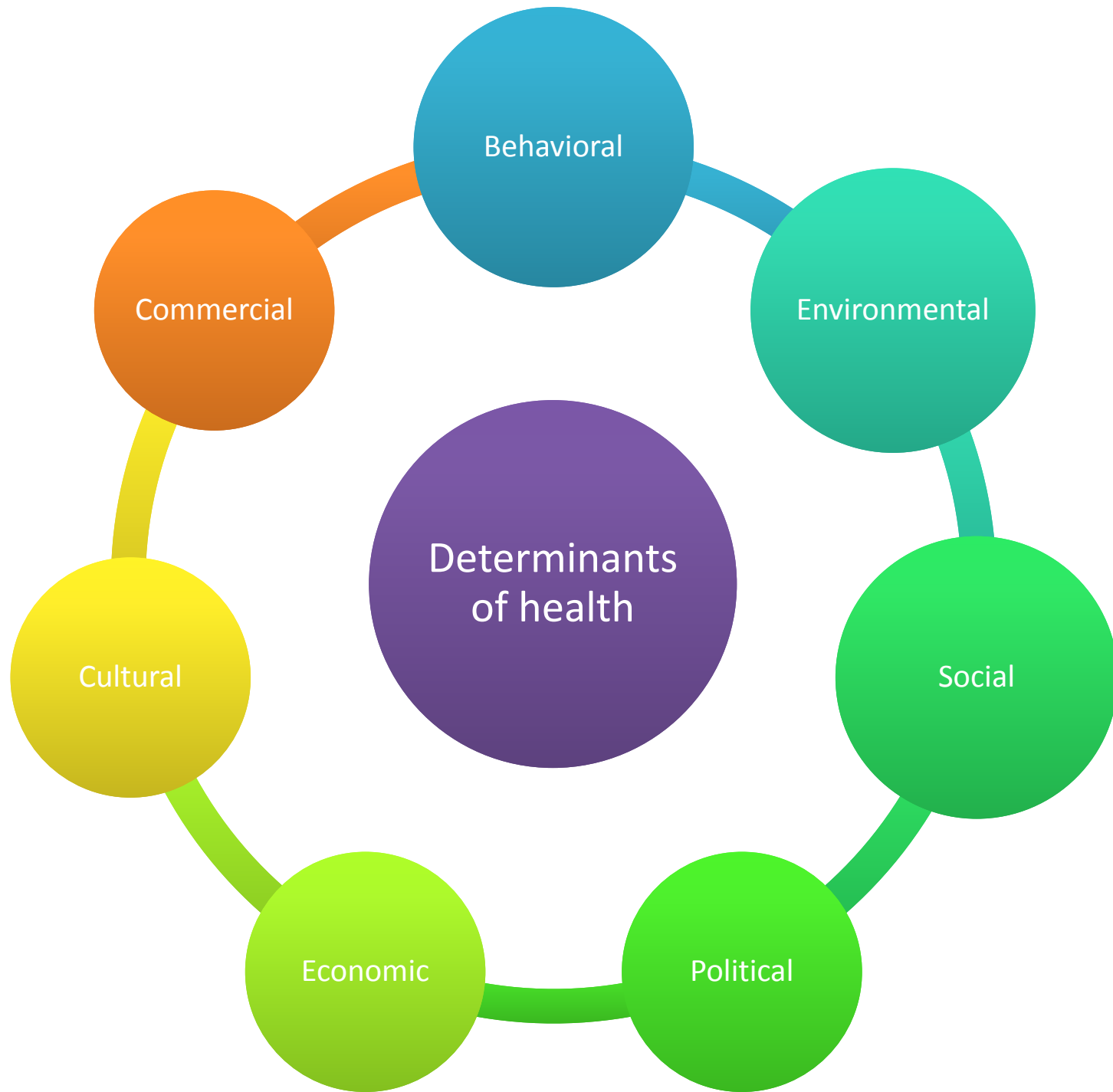
Accountabilities

Timelines

Partnerships

Rapid and efficient response





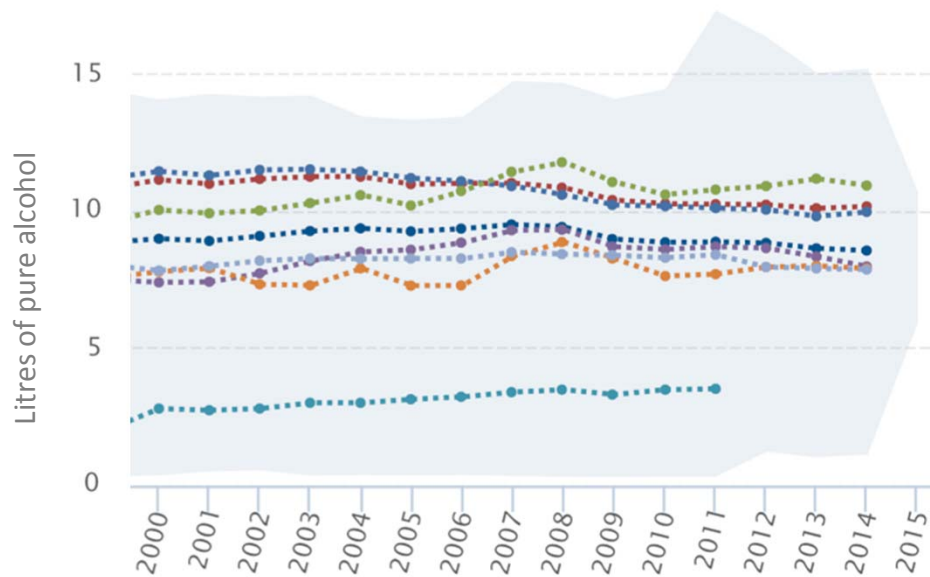


Making good progress on tobacco control

Tobacco plain packaging legislation now in:

- France
- Georgia
- Hungary
- Ireland
- Norway
- Slovenia
- United Kingdom

Alcohol consumption is declining too slowly



We are aiming for a 10% decline until 2025 to achieve the 2030 global target.

In the WHO European Region

1 in 3 
11-year-olds is

overweight
or
obese



Social determinants



1 NO POVERTY 	2 ZERO HUNGER 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 	4 QUALITY EDUCATION 	5 GENDER EQUALITY 	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION 	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 	10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES 	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES 	16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS 	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS
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Ostrava Declaration: European countries committed to national implementation by 2018

HEALTH 2020

