

Measles elimination status

2016 eliminated 2017 eliminated



Source: European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvo

Measles and rubella surveillance



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Form on Immunization, 2017

Measles and rubella immunization schedule, 2017

	Vaccine	Schedule	Year of introduction					
MCV1	MMR	15 months MCV2 19		1975				
MCV2	MMR	5 years RCV		1982				
Ν	Measles vaccination in school							

Source: Immunization schedule, WHO. Data and Statistics. Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance (http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/) MMR = measles-mumps-rubella vaccine; MCV1 = first dose measles-containing vaccine; MCV2 = second dose measles-containing vaccine; RCV = rubella-containing vaccir

Definition used for an outbreak

At least two measles or rubella cases including cases with epidemiological links

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017



Rubella elimination status



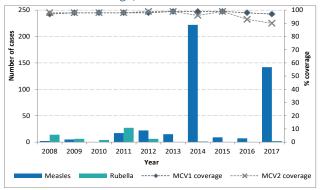
Source:European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvc

Demographic information, 2017

Total population	10 618 303
< 1 year old	100 914
< 5 years old	529 114

Source: World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision, New York, United Nations

Measles and rubella cases and immunization coverage, 2008-2017

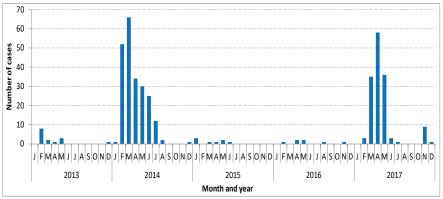


Source: Disease incidence and immunization coverage (WUENIC), WHO, Data and Statistics, Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance (http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/)

MCV1 = first dose of measles-containing vaccine

MCV2= second dose of measles-containing vaccine

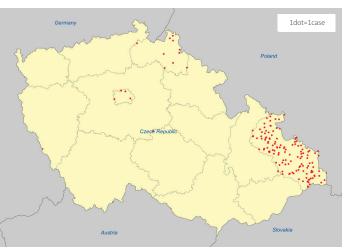
Confirmed measles cases by month of onset, 2013-2017

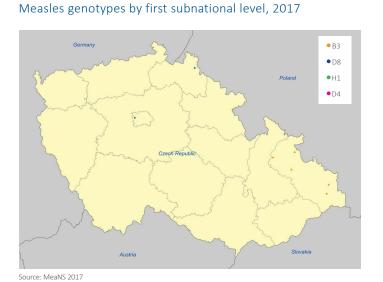


Source: CISID 2017



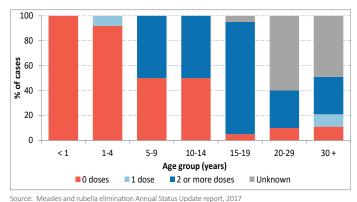
Measles cases by first subnational level, 2017





Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017

Note: The dots in the maps are placed randomly within the administrative regions. Map disclaimer: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on the maps do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.



Measles cases by age group and vaccination status, 2017

Sources of infection, 2017

	Measles	Rubella
Imported	4	1
Import-related	9	1
Unknown/ Not reported	7	0
Endemic	126	0

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017

Note: Excludes imported cases

Information on CRS, 2017



CRS = congenital rubella syndrome

Measles and rubella elimination country profile Czech Republic



Measles incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

	Suspected		Confirmed m	neasles cases	Discarded as	Measles	Genotypes	
	cases	Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- measles	incidence	detected
2013	31	15	0	0	15	16	0.4	ND
2014	305	221	1	0	222	83	20.8	B3,D8
2015	35	9	0	0	9	9	0.6	D8
2016	2	7	0	0	7	0	0.2	B3
2017	248	135	4	7	146	102	13.4	B3

urce: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017 Incidence calculated per 1 million population ND = Data not available: NA= Not applicable

Rubella incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

	Suspected		Confirmed r	ubella cases		Discarded as	Rubella	Genotypes detected
	rubella cases	Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- rubella	incidence	
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NA
2014	2	1	0	0	1	1	0.1	ND
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NA
2016	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	NA
2017	2	2	0	0	2	0	0.1	ND

ource: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017 Incidence calculated per 1 million population ND = Data not available: NA= Not applicable

Measles surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

	Discarded non- measles rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigation	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for measles	% positive for measles	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
2013	51.6	ND	100%	80%	ND	ND	ND	ND
2014	32.6	ND	100%	91%	ND	ND	35.3%	ND
2015	0.1	ND	100%	55.6%	35	25.7%	20%	100%
2016	NA	NA	100%	85.7%	22	45.5%	25%	100%
2017	41.1%	NA	100%	91%	248	58.9%	26.7%	100%

urce: ASU 2013-2017 ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

A proficient laboratory is WHO accredited and/or has an established quality assurance programme with oversight

by a WHO accredited laboratory

Rubella surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

Discarded non- rubella rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigtion	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for rubella	% positive for rubella	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	0%	NA	ND
50%	NA	100%	100%	ND	ND	0	ND
NA	NA	NA	NA	ND	0%	NA	100%
ND	NA	NA	NA	1	0%	NA	100%
0	NA	100%	100%	2	100%	50%	100%
	non- rubella rate NA 50% NA ND	Discarded non	Discarded non national unit with ≥ 2 discarded laboratory investigation with ≥ 2 discarded laboratory investigation NA NA NA 50% NA 100% NA NA NA NA NA NA	Discarded non national unit with ≥ 2 discarded with hadequate laboratory laboratory investigation % origin of infection shows NA NA NA NA 50% NA 100% 100% NA NA NA NA ND NA NA NA 0 NA 100% 100%	Discarded non	Discarded non- rubella ratenational unit with ≥ 2 discardedwith adequate laboratory investigition% origin of infection# specimen tested for rubella% positive for rubellaNANANANAND0%50%NA100%100%NDNDNANANANA0%0NANA100%0%NDNANANA10%0NA100%100%2	Discarded non- rubella ratenational unit with > 2 discardedwith adequate laboratory investigition% origin of infection# specimen tested for rubella% positive for rubellaRate of viral detectionNANANANAND0%NA50%NA100%100%NDND0NANANANAND0%NA50%NA100%100%100%NANANANANA10%S0%NDNA100%100%2100%50%

Source: ASU 2013-2017 ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

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RVC comments, based on 2017 reporting

The Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) concluded that endemic transmission of both measles and rubella remained interrupted in Czech Republic in 2017 and confirmed that measles and rubella elimination has been sustained. Surveillance performance and sensitivity need to be strengthened and better documented. The RVC also requests that information on MRCV immunization coverage in 2017 be submitted in the following ASU.

Source:European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvc

Surveillance performance indicators and targets

- a. Rate of discarded cases: at least 2 discarded measles or rubella cases per 100 000 population
- b. % cases with adequate laboratory investigation: $\geq 80\%$
- c. % origin of infection known: $\geq 80\%$
- d. Rate of viral detection: $\geq 80\%$