

World TB Day

The Berlin Declaration on Tuberculosis

The Member States of the World Health Organization European Region have committed themselves to combating tuberculosis throughout the European Region.



All Against Tuberculosis WHO European Ministerial Forum Berlin, 22 October 2057

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The Berlin Declaration on Tuberculosis undown Natation ins than Visaeropenan Warghom of, than Weinfelt Visaethi, Creganize Subsection.

We, the Missisters of Member States in the Varopeas Region of the World Health Organiza (WHO), meeting with the WHO Regional Oreacter for Statege and high lavel payments in the WHO Ministerial Forum on Tubercalouis, held in Berlin on 22 October 2007, web with research teal (TR) has re-converged as an increasing threat to bealth security in the WHO States and Academic and In 2005, there were \$45,000 new cases of TB and \$6,000 TB vehands deaths in the Region. Even to construint with a relatively tow burders, there to be been a reversal of the previous deviate

There are high TB invidence rates within the Weglers. Threesghout, the Region, the presence of TB is often related to useluk and recreation factors and .

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- Poor adherence to accepted TB control practices has created high levels of man-Poor adherence to accepted TB curture practices has created togs brown or man-ma-multidrog-resistant. TB (MDR-TB) and extensivally drog-resistant. TB (XDR-TB). No new diagnestics, drags or vaccines have been developed over the pair several devalue-Many commiss in the Region face a shortage of completent and motivated human researces for TB control wignation
- In the Region, TB is the next prevalent came of Writis and mortality is people toying with MNCATES, and free countries address TRIMIN constention is a countries and reasons.
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- TB control. ۰.
- In the Region, TB is the most prevalent came of Writes and mortality is people living with HIV/AIDS, and few countries address TB/HIV coinfection in a comprehensive mannet.

We note that, despite some achievements over the past decade. To control and efforts uncards

The Region has a high proportion of unfavourable treatment outcomes resulting from poor implementation of internationally accented TB control strategies. elimination of the disease in the Region need to be improved. The use of currently available quality controlled diagnostics and appropriate evidence-based protosom streaming monte to be further streamthroad. implementation of internationally accepted TB control strategies. TB control in groups at high risk such as migrant populations, the homeless, prisoners and other regulate valuenable arrange must be addressed.

- treatment strategies needs to be further arenginened.
- Focused action is needed to tackle MDR/NDR-TB and TB/HIN coinfection. Prevention, including infection control, is a factor of continued importance in TB control, socially vulnerable groups must be addressed. Timely collection, transmission, validation and analysis of quality TB surveillance data and
- essential for proper TB control and elimination interventions.
- especially among vulnerable groups.

We are stopping TB together www.euro.who.int/tb

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