Measles and rubella elimination country profile Ireland



Measles elimination status

2016 interrupted 2017 eliminated



Source:European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvo

Measles and rubella surveillance



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Form on Immunization, 2017

Measles and rubella immunization schedule. 2017

	Vaccine	Schedule	Year of int	roduction			
MCV1	MMR	12 months	nonths MCV2 19				
MCV2	MMR	4-5 years	RCV	1971			
Ν	Measles vaccination in school						

Source: Immunization schedule, WHO, Data and Statistics, Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance (http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/) MMR = measles-mumps-rubella vaccine; MCV1 = first dose measles-containing vaccine; MCV2 = second dose measles-containing vaccine; RCV = rubella-containing vaccin

Definition used for an outbreak

An outbreak may be defined as two or more linked cases of the same illness or the situation where the observed number of cases exceeds the expected number

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017



Rubella elimination status



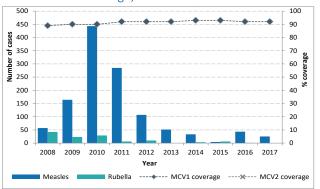
Source: European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvd

Demographic information, 2017

Total population	4 761 657		
< 1 year old	63 588		
< 5 years old	337 794		

Source: World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision, New York, United Nations

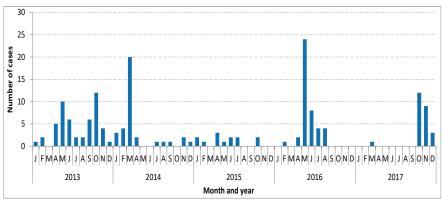
Measles and rubella cases and immunization coverage, 2008-2017



Source: Disease incidence and immunization coverage (WUENIC), WHO, Data and Statistics, Immunization Monitoring and Surveilleance (http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/)

MCV1 = first dose of measles-containing vaccine MCV2= second dose of measles-containing vaccine

Confirmed measles cases by month of onset, 2013-2017

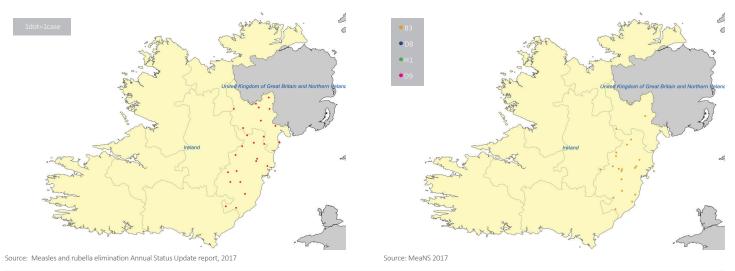


Source: CISID 2017

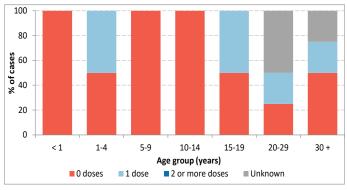


Measles cases by first subnational level, 2017

Measles genotypes by first subnational level, 2017



Note: The dots in the maps are placed randomly within the administrative regions. Map disclaimer: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on the maps do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.



Measles cases by age group and vaccination status, 2017

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017 Note: Excludes imported cases

Information on CRS, 2017



CRS = congenital rubella syndrome

Sources of infection, 2017

	Measles	Rubella
Imported	0	0
Import-related	1	0
Unknown/ Not reported	0	0
Endemic	24	0

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017



Measles incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

	Suspected		Confirmed measles cases				Measles	Genotypes
	cases	Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- measles	incidence	detected
2013	ND	33	10	8	51	43	10.5	D4, D8
2014	92	20	5	8	33	59	6.5	B3, D8
2015	71	2	0	0	2	69	0.2	D8
2016	197	43	0	0	43	154	8.7	B3, D8
2017	285	23	0	2	25	260	5.3	B3

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017 Incidence calculated per 1 million population

ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

Rubella incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

Suspected		Confirmed rubella cases				Rubella	Genotypes
cases	Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- rubella	incidence	detected
ND	0	0	0	0	ND	0	ND
12	1*	0	2	3	9	0.4	ND
23	0	0	3	3	20	0.4	ND
15	0	0	1	1	14	0.2	ND
16	0	0	0	0	16	0	NA
	rubella cases ND 12 23 15 16	rubella cases Laboratory ND 0 12 1* 23 0 15 0 16 0	rubella cases Laboratory Epi-linked ND 0 0 12 1* 0 23 0 0 15 0 0 16 0 0	rubella cases Epi-linked Clinically ND 0 0 12 1* 0 2 23 0 0 3 15 0 0 1 16 0 0 0 1	rubella cases Epi-linked Clinically Total ND 0 0 0 12 1* 0 2 3 23 0 0 3 3 15 0 0 1 1 16 0 0 0 0	as as as Laboratory Epi-linked Clinically Total non-rubella ND 0 0 0 0 ND 12 1* 0 2 3 9 233 0 0 3 3 20 15 0 0 1 14 16 0 0 0 0 16	rubella cases Epi-linked Clinically Total non- rubella non- inicidence ND 0 0 0 ND 0 12 1* 0 2 3 9 0.4 233 0 0 3 32 0.4 15 0 0 1 14 0.2 16 0 0 0 0 16 0

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017 and communication with the country Incidence calculated per 1 million population ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

* This case was weakly positive for IgM

RVC comments, based on 2017 reporting

Measles surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

	Discarded non- measles rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigation	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for measles	% positive for measles	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
2013	0.9	12.5%	73%	86%	ND	ND	100%	ND
2014	1.3	25%	95%	52%	23	9.1%	67%	ND
2015	2	63%	99%	100%	333	9.3%	100%	100%
2016	3.4	50%	100%	100%	768	12.0%	100%	100%
2017	5	87.5%	100%	100%	299	7.7%	100%	100%

Source: ASU 2013-2017 ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

A proficient laboratory is WHO accredited and/or has an established quality assurance programme with oversight by a WHO accredited laboratory

Rubella surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

	Discarded non- rubella rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigtion	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for rubella	% positive for rubella	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
2013	0.2	ND	NA	NA	ND	ND	0%	ND
2014	0.2	ND	83.3%	67%	1780	0%	0%	ND
2015	0.4	ND	91%	67%	241	0%	0%	100%
2016	0.3	ND	93%	0%	415	0%	0%	100%
2017	0.3	0%	100%	0%	866	0%	0%	80.1%
Source: ASU 20	13-2017							

ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

A proficient laboratory is WHO accredited and/or has an established quality assurance programme with oversight by a WHO accredited laboratory

The Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) concluded that endemic transmission of measles remained interrupted in 2017 and verified that measles has been eliminated. The RVC commends the national verification committee for measles and rubella elimination (NVC), national health authorities and public health system on this achievement. It also concluded that endemic transmission of rubella remained interrupted in 2017 and confirmed that rubella elimination has been sustained. The RVC is greatly concerned over the low vaccination coverage reported for Dublin and considers this a potential threat to maintaining elimination status. Further clarification is requested from the NVC on the status of confirmed measles cases as per currently available data on surveillance quality RVC cannot clearly determine decisions are these imported or endemic cases. The RVC would appreciate better consistency between number of suspected cases and number of reported tests.

Source:European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvc

Surveillance performance indicators and targets

- a. Rate of discarded cases: at least 2 discarded measles or rubella cases per 100 000 population
- b. % cases with adequate laboratory investigation: $\ge 80\%$
- c. % origin of infection known: ≥ 80%
- d. Rate of viral detection: $\geq 80\%$