Measles and rubella elimination country profile Turkmenis<u>tan</u>



Measles elimination status

2016 eliminated 2017 eliminated

Source: European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvo

Measles and rubella surveillance

National case-based surveillance for Lab confirmation for diagnosis of

Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Form on Immunization, 2017

Measles and rubella immunization schedule, 2017

	Vaccine	Schedule	Year of introduction					
MCV1	MMR	12-15 months	MCV2	1988				
MCV2	MMR	6 years	RCV	2007				
N	Measles vaccination in school							

Source: Immunization schedule, WHO, Data and Statistics, Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance

(http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/)
MMR = measles-mumps-rubella vaccine; MCV1 = first dose measles-containing vaccine;

MCV2 = second dose measles-containing vaccine; RCV = rubella-containing vaccin

Definition used for an outbreak



Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2017 ND = Data not available



Rubella elimination status

2016 eliminated 2017 eliminated

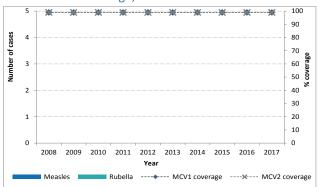
Source: European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvc

Demographic information, 2017

Total population	5 758 075
< 1 year old	144 375
< 5 years old	712 487

Source: World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision, New York, United Nations

Measles and rubella cases and immunization coverage, 2008-2017



Source: Disease incidence and immunization coverage (WUENIC), WHO, Data and Statistics,

Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance

(http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring surveillance/data/en/)

MCV1 = first dose of measles-containing vaccine MCV2= second dose of measles-containing vaccine

Supplementary immunization activities

Year	Target age	Vaccine used	% Coverage	
2017	2-10Y	MMR	99%	

Source: Supplementary immunization activities, WHO, Data and Statistics, Immunization Monitoring and Surveillance (http://www.who.int/immunization/monitoring_surveillance/data/en/)

MMR = measles-mumps-rubella vaccine

ND = Data not available

Measles and rubella elimination country profile Turkmenistan



Measles incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

		Suspected measles cases		Confirmed n	neasles cases	Discarded as	Measles	Genotypes	
			Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- measles	incidence	detected
	2013	128	0	0	0	0	128	0	NA
	2014	129	0	0	0	0	129	0	NA
	2015	377	0	0	0	0	377	0	NA
	2016	193	0	0	0	0	193	0	NA
	2017	126	0	0	0	0	126	0	NA

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017

Rubella incidence, epidemiologic and virologic characteristics, 2013-2017

	Suspected		Confirmed r	ubella cases	Discarded as	Rubella	Genotypes	
	rubella cases	Laboratory	Epi- linked	Clinically	Total	non- rubella	incidence	detected
2013	128	0	0	0	0	128	0	NA
2014	129	0	0	0	0	129	0	NA
2015	377	0	0	0	0	377	0	NA
2016	193	0	0	0	0	193	0	NA
2017	126	0	0	0	0	126	0	NA

Source: Measles and rubella elimination Annual Status Update report, 2013-2017

Incidence calculated per 1 million population ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable

RVC comments, based on 2017 reporting

Measles surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

	Discarded non- measles rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigation	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for measles	% positive for measles	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
2013	2.2	100%	100%	0%	128	0%	NA	100%
2014	2.2	100%	100%	0%	129	0%	NA	100%
2015	6.3	100%	100%	0%	377	0%	NA	100%
2016	3.2	100%	100%	0%	193	0%	NA	100%
2017	2	100%	100%	NA	126	0%	NA	100%

ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable
A proficient laboratory is WHO accredited and/or has an established quality assurance programme with oversight by a WHO accredited laboratory

Rubella surveillance and laboratory performance indicators, 2013-2017

	Discarded non- rubella rate	% 1st sub- national unit with ≥ 2 discarded cases	% cases with adequate laboratory investigtion	% origin of infection known	# specimen tested for rubella	% positive for rubella	Rate of viral detection	% WHO and proficient labs
2013	2.2	100%	100%	0%	128	0%	NA	100%
2014	2.2	100%	100%	0%	129	0%	NA	100%
2015	6.3	100%	100%	0%	377	0%	NA	100%
2016	3.2	100%	100%	0%	193	0%	NA	100%
2017	2	100%	100%	NA	126	0%	NA	100%

ND = Data not available; NA= Not applicable
A proficient laboratory is WHO accredited and/or has an established quality assurance programme with oversight by a WHO accredited laboratory

The Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) concluded that endemic transmission of both measles and rubella remained interrupted in Turkmenistan in 2017 and confirmed that measles and rubella elimination has been sustained.

Source: European Regional Verification Commission for Measles and Rubella Elimination (RVC) meeting report: www.euro.who.int/7thrvc

Surveillance performance indicators and targets

- a. Rate of discarded cases: at least 2 discarded measles or rubella cases per 100 000 population
- b. % cases with adequate laboratory investigation: ≥ 80%
- c. % origin of infection known: ≥ 80%
- d. Rate of viral detection: ≥ 80%

Information on CRS, 2017



Source: Measles and ruhella elimination Annual Status Undate report, 2017

CRS = congenital rubella syndrome